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Victoria Daily Times

VOL. 45.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1914

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NO. 105

OSTEND IS CAPTURED FROM GERMANS

RECRUITING BEGUN IN ALL DISTRICTS

Call to Arms for Second Contingent From Canada is Quickly Answered

DISTRICT ENLISTMENT CONSIDERED BEST PLAN

Canada's Record in Moving First Body of Troops Considered Good One

Ottawa, Oct. 20.—Recruiting sixteen thousand infantry to be raised immediately was commenced throughout Canada last night. According to advices received by the militia department recruits came forward at all points in large numbers. Officials state that the number of men required will be secured in a very short time. This will be due partly to the circumstances that thousands who volunteered when the first overseas contingent was raised, and who were not accepted are eager to go to the front.

Owing to the decision to place the details of the work on the shoulders of the officers commanding the various military districts there will be considerable less strain upon the headquarters staff at Ottawa than there was in connection with the organization of the first contingent. When that work was under way everybody from the minister of militia down was worried with individual applications for enlistment and other small matters of detail which they are now relieved by the staffs at divisional headquarters.

The new plan is expected to work with much less friction and to bring about more satisfactory results. It is explained that the selection of the officers provisionally will be made by district officers commanding, but that these selections will later on have to be confirmed.

Officials of the militia department are not surprised at the cable reports telling of the time it has taken to transport the troops from Plymouth to Salisbury Plains. They say it emphasizes the difficulties experienced in connection with the work, and makes it clear that Canada's record in connection with the handling of so large a body of troops was not a bad one.

London, Oct. 20.—Dealing with Sir Robert Borden's announcement that Canada will keep 40,000 volunteers continually in training, the Pall Mall Gazette to-night says: "The Dominion has not joined in the war under any glamor of adventure. Canadians are unlike ourselves, that it is a fight for the Empire's existence and are preparing themselves for whatever length, strain and sacrifice may be required to win."

BLONDIN AND CASGRAIN NEW CABINET MINISTERS

Ottawa, Oct. 20.—Hon. T. C. Casgrain was sworn in as postmaster-general in place of Hon. L. P. Pelleter to-day, and Deputy-Speaker H. E. Blondin as minister of inland revenue, replacing Hon. W. B. Nantel. Mr. Blondin is famous chiefly for his nationalist speech in the last election, saying, "In order to breath air of freedom we had to shoot holes in the Union Jack."

Owing to the disgust over the cabinet change fiasco, Bob Rogers left last night for Winnipeg, and other ministers threaten to resign.

The inclusion of Mr. Blondin in the cabinet came as a surprise, as E. L. Patenaude, M.L.A., Montreal, was expected to succeed Mr. Nantel. It is explained that Mr. Blondin's appointment is due to geographical conditions, it being impossible to appoint Mr. Patenaude as there are too many ministers from the Montreal district.

It is expected that Mr. Casgrain will contest Quebec county, the seat held by Mr. Pelletier, while Mr. Blondin will seek re-election in Champlain county.

C. P. R. EMPLOYEES GIVE \$140,316.71 TO FUND

Ottawa, Oct. 20.—Contributions to the Canadian patriotic fund acknowledged to-day include a voluntary contribution of one day's pay in the month of September by the officers and employees of the Canadian Pacific Railway company, apportioned amongst the provinces as follows: British Columbia, \$18,000; Alberta, \$18,000; Saskatchewan, \$15,000; Manitoba, \$28,000; Ontario, \$28,000; Quebec, \$28,000; New Brunswick, \$5,316.71. Total, \$140,316.71. The Canadian Pacific railway contribution, with other smaller contributions acknowledged to-day, brings the general fund up to \$142,989.

JAPANESE OCCUPYING ISLANDS IN PACIFIC

Landings Made on Marianne, Marshall, East and West Caroline Groups

ACTION IS TAKEN FOR MILITARY PURPOSES

German Possessions Acquired to Prevent Assistance Being Given Enemy's Ships

Tokio, Oct. 20.—The navy department has announced the occupation, for military purposes, of strategically important islands in the Marianne (or Ladron) Marshall, East Caroline and West Caroline archipelagos.

Jaluit, in the Marshall group, was occupied October 14 by a division of the Japanese fleet. Jaluit, it is explained, was the base of the enemy's maritime operations in the Marianne, Marshall and Eastern and Western Caroline archipelagos. The Japanese found two German vessels there. One sent herself to the bottom and the other was captured with her crew. No damage was sustained by the Japanese fleet.

Previous announcement has been made of the occupation by Japan of these islands in the Marshall and Paracel group. The occupation of an island in the Marianne and Ladron group has not heretofore been reported.

The Marianne Islands lie directly east of Luzon and about 1,700 miles from Manila. In this group is the island of Guam, which was acquired by the United States in 1898. Here the United States maintains a small military force and there is a cable station on the line between Manila, Honolulu and San Francisco. The Marianne group is about 500 miles south of the Bonin Islands, which belong to Japan. The total area of the Marianas is about 420 square miles. Most of them are densely wooded and all are described as ferocious. The climate is temperate and salubrious.

With the exception of Guam, all the islands in the group were sold by Spain to Germany in 1899, and form part of a government district of German New Guinea.

It was announced from Tokio October 6 that the Japanese squadron sent to destroy the German fleet in the South Seas had landed bluejackets at Jaluit island, the seat of government in the Marshall archipelago, annexed by Germany in 1886. The Marshalls are in the South Pacific about midway between the Philippines and Hawaii. Jaluit is given as thirty-eight miles long and twenty-two wide. It has the headquarters of a German company which traded with the Marshall and adjacent groups of islands.

According to a German news agency dispatch received at Peking October 7, Japanese forces had occupied the island of Yap, the most important island in the Carolines, or New Philippines, in the Pacific ocean. It was declared later in Tokio that this report was without confirmation. Yap island is due east of the island of Mindanao, in the Philippines and distant about 1,000 miles. It is about 750 miles southwest of Guam.

A dispatch from Washington October 7 quoted the Japanese embassy as saying that the seizure of the island of Yap was only one development in the general plan agreed on by the British and Japanese to seize all of the German naval stations in the Pacific. This was regarded as necessary, it was explained, to terminate the activities of German cruisers.

The British appear to be ready to seize the slightest opportunity to play some game when off duty. They are always cleanly shaven and love to plunge into a creek or river. Behind their trenches are many kneading troughs captured from the Germans' commissary division and now turned into tubs.

The Indian troops maintain calm silence except when in action. Then they utter wild cries in their eastern languages as they enter the fighting.

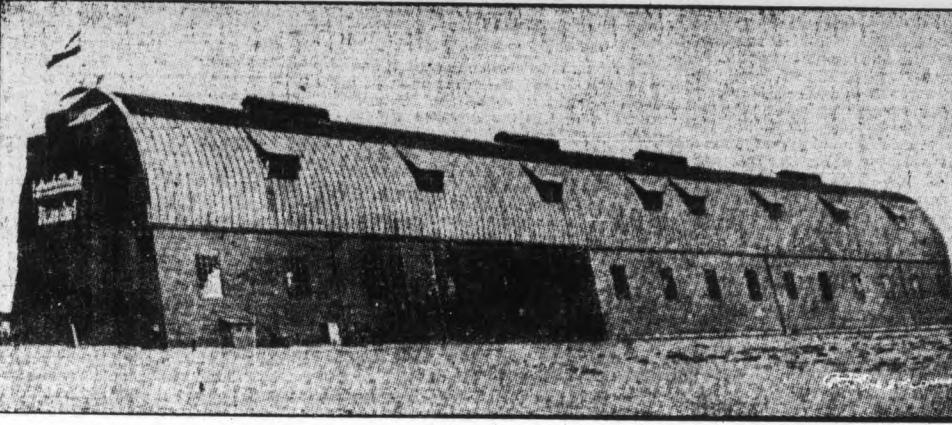
The Moroccan auxiliaries, known as Goumiers, maintain all their African habits. They apparently are always ready to rest anywhere that they may find themselves, but sleep with the bridle over their arm and spring into action at the slightest movement or noise.

London, Oct. 20.—"Burning houses indicate the line of fighting in North-West Belgium," telegraphs the Flushing correspondent of the Evening News, under date of Monday, "On Sunday seventeen trains of forty cars each brought German wounded back to Bruges." The correspondent continues, "The northern columns of the Germans have been increased with reinforcements brought at night by train from Bruges where there are now but few Germans left."

"Ostend was quiet Monday morning."

Amsterdam, Oct. 20.—The following official communication from Berlin, dated October 20, has been received in Amsterdam: "The Germans advancing along the coast from Ostend met hostile forces at the Yser river near Nieport, where fighting has been going on since last Sunday."

ZEPPELIN AIRSHIP SHED DAMAGED BY BOMBS OF BRITISH ARMY AEROPLANES AT DUSSELDORF



FIRING INCESSANT ALONG RIVER MEUSE

French Artillery Taking Most Important Part; Destroys German Battery

Britishers at Front When Off Duty Always Ready to Play Games

On the battlefield, via Paris, Oct. 20.—On the eastern wing, along the Meuse, heavy fighting is incessant and in this the French artillery is playing a most important part. The concentrated fire of several French batteries at St. Mihiel on Monday destroyed a complete battery of heavy German artillery which had been causing great annoyance.

It was due to the clever work of a French artilleryman that this was accomplished. Carrying a portable field telephone he hid himself for two days near the German position and informed his comrades in his rear of the positions of the German guns and the direction in which they should fire. This information rendered the German position untenable and when his work was done, the brave gunner returned safely to the French lines. The scenes behind the battle lines denote the characteristics of the various nations engaged.

The French soldiers are very gay, singing when they return from the trenches and always seeking to learn all the news from any new arrival from the rear.

The Belgians are somewhat the same in character, but the recent damage to so many cities of Belgium has made them gloomy. They are still full of fight and sure of eventual victory.

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Belgian Army Holds River Yser Against Violent German Attack

Paris, Oct. 20.—The French official communication given out this afternoon says that the Belgian army is holding its position on the river Yser.

The official communication follows: "In Belgium, in spite of violent attacks on the part of the enemy, the Belgian army has held its position on the line of the river Yser.

"There have been other actions in the regions of Ypres, between the allied forces operating in this territory and the forces of the enemy.

"On our left wing, the Germans continue to hold strongly positions around Lille in the direc-

tion of Armentieres, Fournes and Labassee.

"On the Meuse the enemy has endeavored in vain to drive back the advance posts of our troops who have moved out along the right bank of this stream in the peninsula of the Camp des Romaines.

"To sum up, during the day of October 19, we have made progress at various points on the front.

"In East Prussia and on the Vistula river there is no change in the situation. The efforts of the Austrians to cross the river San have been repulsed. The battle south of Przemysl is continuing under conditions favorable to the Russians."

INSPECTORS WILL PASS UPON GOODS BOUGHT IN CANADA

Ottawa, Oct. 20.—The British government is sending nine inspectors to Canada to inspect all purchases made in this country by Frederick Stobart for the British government before these goods are accepted. Several of the inspectors will make their headquarters in Montreal. The rest will go to Winnipeg.

Recruiting for the 16,000 infantry for the second contingent is proceeding satisfactorily according to advices received at military headquarters. It is expected that the number required will have volunteered in very short time.

CARUSO SINGS IN ROME FOR NEEDY EMIGRANTS

Rome, Oct. 19.—An extraordinary performance was given at the Costanzi theatre to-night for the benefit of needy emigrants who have returned to Italy. It yielded more than 100,000 lire (about \$20,000.) Among the singers was Enrico Caruso, who appeared in Rome since 1903.

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OFFENSIVE OF ALLIES CONTINUES IN FRANCE AND AT COAST TOWNS

Increasing Satisfaction in Paris at Tide of Battle—Squadron of Warships Reported to Have Taken Part in Battle in Belgium

In Alsace France Has Established Herself Firmly—Germans Are Raising Defenses Around Strassburg; Expecting Attack

London, Oct. 20.—The allies have recaptured Ostend, according to the Morning Post correspondent in the north of France, who says he was given this information on excellent authority.

A new element was introduced into the conflict on the coast when the British fleet made its presence known by a brisk cannonade of massed German columns who were trying to break down the allies' resistance.

Paris, Oct. 20.—Increasing satisfaction was shown in Paris today on reading the latest reports from the front. These indicate that the allies are continuing their offensive operations, which, in the opinion of French observers, promise the best results. The action of the Belgian army and of a squadron of warships in repelling an attack by the enemy is a subject of particularly favorable comment.

SITUATION IN ALSACE FAVORS FRENCH.

The public was equally gratified by the announcement of the situation in Alsace. This was the first time in some days that the war office has indicated definitely the French positions.

It is now seen that the French troops have almost reached the outlet of the valley leading to the plains of the river Ill, which flows north through Alsace and empties into the Rhine.

The French now consider that they are firmly established in Alsace on territory doubly dear to them. Word has been received also that the Germans are hastily preparing new defensive works around Strassburg and digging innumerable trenches in front of this city. Vineyards have been levelled by the German engineers in carrying out their work.

London, Oct. 20.—The plunging German tactics on the allied line near the Belgian coast between Nieport and Dixmude; similar tactics by the allies in France between Arras and Royle, where progress is claimed; a continual allied assault on Lille still held by the Germans, and stubborn fighting in the vicinity of St. Mihiel, where for days the allies have been attempting to drive the Germans from their southernmost lodgment, were the acute points to-day in the battle areas of France and Belgium.

The communications issued in behalf of the allies last night enabled Britons to visualize for the first time in ten days the approximate battle-line after crossing the Belgian frontier, and showed how the allies during the days of censorship were throwing their forces westward to meet the inevitable German advance which followed the taking of Ostend. The fighting is now centering only a few miles southwest of that city and the Belgian army, heretofore reported as having repulsed the Germans on the banks of the Yser, is again in the thick of the fighting, being credited with bending back the German line as far as Roulers, Belgium, thirteen miles northwest of Courtrai, which point they

are holding, according to the latest reports available.

A dispatch dated merely "North of France," says that the allies have recaptured Ostend. This is not confirmed, and is at variance with the German contention that they have reached the neighborhood of Dunkirk, whose inhabitants, as well as those of Boulogne, are said to be in a state of panic. If the Belgians are holding Roulers, it seems incredible that the Germans have advanced so far, as it would mean a complete bending back of the allied left, which rests on the coast of Ostend.

Torrential rains have been falling recently near the scene of the coast fighting, making the flat country sea of mud, and this with the network of canals, makes the movement of German guns extremely difficult. The Germans, however, are still bringing up reinforcements, a message from Amsterdam saying that troops of all arms are steadily moving westward between Westerkerke and Termonde, toward the French frontier. It was added that the men were of all ages and were accompanied by heavy guns, supposedly for Ostend.

The London press is unanimously hailing the German attempt to sweep through Belgium to the North France coast towns as a failure.

GERMANY HAS ANOTHER EXCUSE NOW FOR WAR

Must Not Let Russia Be World's Dictator, Says Berliner Tagblatt.

Amsterdam, Oct. 20.—The Berliner Tagblatt in an editorial, appears to renounce the view recently prevalent in Germany that the destruction of Great Britain is the main object of the present war.

"Because Russia threatened us," it says, "and because its perpetual menace is intolerable the German people went to war. Until we finish we must not forget for a moment why we began."

"Every loss of power by Britain means for Russia a further gain of strength, influence and freedom of movement. We all hope that Britain's position as the world's dictator will be shaken, but it is tenfold our duty to fight against Russia becoming the world's dictator."

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CANADIAN TROOPS ARE SETTLING INTO CAMPS

Men Amuse Themselves Playing Football and Baseball on Salisbury Plains

Salisbury Plain, Eng., Oct. 20, via London.—Except for a few detachments working with the supply and horse transport trains, all the Canadians have arrived at their four camps scattered over Salisbury Plain. The early arrivals, who have completed their camp-making, amused themselves yesterday by playing baseball and football. Among the players there appeared a surprising number of sweater bearing the winged foot emblem of the New York Athletic club. One of these sweater wearers said that patriotic Britons residing in New York had equipped and sent to Canada more than 2,000 recruits, who are now with the Canadian contingent.

A general air of cheerfulness prevails among the Canadians, but some grumbling is heard because of the isolation of the various camps. None of them is within four miles of even a village, and seven miles separates the nearest of them from any considerable town.

The prohibition rule imposed on the Valcartier camp in Canada by the Canadian minister of militia, rules here, and is being rigidly enforced.

The slowness of the Canadians in reaching camp has caused a postponement of any attempt of a review of the troops, and it is expected that General Alderson will take command without the usual ceremony.

London, Oct. 20.—Two deaths are reported in the Canadian contingent. Private W. H. Harley, C Company, 14th Battalion, Montreal, died suddenly yesterday during the journey to Salisbury, his death being probably due to heart failure, while Private James Nichols, a reservist of the West Yorkshire Regiment, travelling home with the contingent aboard the Ivernia, died on the 14th, his death being due to natural causes.

Hon. Colonel Sam Hughes visited the camp Sunday.

General Alderson, appointed by the war office to command the Canadian contingent, took up his quarters yesterday.

The weather continues perfect, everyone being in the best of spirits.

The first Canadian newspapers since September 9 reached here yesterday, the newspaper mail being held up owing to military necessity.

IRISHMEN TAKE PLEDGE FOR FIGHT TO FINISH

Confidence Expressed in John Redmond's Leadership; Belgium Must Be Free.

London, Oct. 20.—Amid tumultuous cheers, with right hands raised, Irish Nationalists who crowded Central Hall last night adopted a pledge administered by T. P. O'Connor:

"We will never sheath the sword until Belgium has got back her freedom; until every inch of her soil is clear; until a treaty is made, not on a scrap of paper, but on a foundation behind which stand the millions of the British race."

The meeting was called for the purpose of expressing confidence in the leadership of John Redmond and to endorse the action of the Irish party in supporting "the war of the allies against Prussian militarism."

Mr. O'Connor said that for this fundamental and supreme principle the British fought on hundreds of battlefields. What they had claimed and won for themselves, they also claimed for other countries and would help other countries win.

In scathing terms he denounced Germany, and declared that German militarism must be crushed. There was not a Irishman, he said, whose heart did not bleed for the sufferings of Belgians and would not do all in his power to end them.

MUST NOT INSURE ANY AUSTRIANS OR GERMANS

Amendments to Law Regarding Trading with the Enemy Are to Be Published.

Ottawa, Oct. 19.—Amendments to the two royal proclamations issued respecting trading with the enemy have been made and are published this week by the government. They relate chiefly to the making of insurance or re-insurance contracts with the enemy or for his benefit.

It is forbidden to make or enter into marine, life or other policy or contract of insurance or re-insurance, with or for the benefit of an enemy; to accept from or give effect to any insurance or any risk arising under any policy entered into for the benefit of an enemy before the outbreak of war, and in particular regards contracts of re-insurance current at the outbreak of war in which the enemy is interested; to cede or to accept from him any risk arising from the policy of insurance entered into after the outbreak of war.

When the enemy has a branch locally situated in British, allied or neutral territory carrying on an insurance or re-insurance business, transactions of such branch will be considered transactions with the enemy.

AUSTRIAN FLEET HELD IN HARBOR AT CATTARO

London, Oct. 19.—An attempt of the Austrian fleet to break through the line of French warships blocking the harbor of Cattaro, Dalmatia, Sunday, was defeated, according to a dispatch from Cetinje, Montenegro. The Austrians, it is said, were driven back into the harbor.

BATTLE OF THE RIVERS IS GRAPHICALLY TOLD BY GENERAL FRENCH IN REPORT

British Commander Gives Details of the Weeks of Fighting Since the Germans' Advance Towards Paris Was Checked

London, Oct. 20.—In two long reports Field Marshal Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the British forces on the continent, recounts with considerable detail the fighting in which the British expeditionary force was engaged during the month from Mons southward to the Seine and the advance, after a most vigorous offensive on the part of the allies, back to the River Aisne and the first stage of the reverse encounters along the line of that river, which included the crossing of the stream in the face of the determined opposition of the Germans.

When the Germans turned,

construction of a bridge began close to the road bridge at Venizel.

Bridge Attempt Failed.

"At 2 p.m. an infantry attack in the direction of Chivres and Vregnay had made good progress, but at 5.30 p.m. the enemy's artillery and machine gun fire from the direction of Vregnay became so severe that no further progress could be made. The position reached were held until dark. The Third corps made an attempt to throw a heavy pontoon across the river late in the afternoon, but gave up because of the heavy howitzer fire of the enemy.

When the Germans turned,

The first report discloses that it was September 6 that the allies took the offensive which checked the German general von Kluck's advance to the southeast of Paris and that it required four days to compel the Germans to turn their backs on the French capital. Two days later the Germans, according to the report, were back across the Aisne, having lost heavily in men, guns and transport in their retreat.

Then commenced the battle of the Aisne, which lasted for a month, and the phases of which are dealt with.

In the second report, which is dated October 18, Gen. French refers to the attacks and counter attacks, which were still going on when the report was concluded September 28.

The Second Report.

The second report concerning the operations of the British forces since the evening of September 10 is as follows:

"Early in the morning of the 11th three corps crossed the Ourcq—further pursuit of the enemy being practically unopposed—the cavalry reaching the line of the Aisne, two brigades south of Soissons and three brigades at Couvrelles and Cercueil, on the afternoon of September 12.

Retreat Is Stopped.

"From the opposition encountered by the Sixth French army to the west of Soissons and two of our army corps south of Missy, and certain other indications along the line, I formed the opinion that the enemy had, for the moment at any rate, arrested his retreat and was preparing to contest the passage of the Aisne with some vigor south of Soissons, where the Germans were holding Mont de Paris against attack. With the assistance of artillery the third corps of the French drove them back across the river at Soissons, where they destroyed the bridges. Heavy artillery fire showed that the Sixth French army was meeting with heavy opposition all along the line.

"On this day the cavalry under Gen. Alençon reached the neighborhood of Braine and did good work in clearing the town and the high ground beyond it of strong hostile detachments.

Queen's Bay Mentioned.

"The Queen's Bay are particularly mentioned by the general as having assisted greatly in the success of this operation. They were well supported by the third division, while on this night bivouacked at Brelle, south of the river.

"The fifth division approached Missy," the report continues, "but were unable to make headway. The west army corps reached the neighborhood of Vauxres without much opposition.

"In this manner the battle of the Aisne commenced.

"The position of the enemy was very strong, either for delaying action or for a defensive battle. One of the chief military characteristics is that, except for small stretches on the top of the plateau, either side cannot be seen, owing to the woods on the edges of the slopes. The tract of the country above described is well adapted for concealment.

Enemy Was Skilled.

"The enemy so skillfully turned this to account that it made it impossible to judge the real nature of his opposition to our passage of the river, but I have every reason to conclude that strong rear guards, at least three army corps, were holding the passages early in the morning."

Troops Ordered Forward.

"On that morning I ordered the British forces forward. The First corps and cavalry advanced on the river. The First division was directed to Montrouge, via the canal bridge, at 8 a.m.

"On the right the cavalry and First division met with little opposition, and found passage by means of the canal aqueduct. This division, therefore, was able to press on, supported by the cavalry, on the outer flank, driving the enemy before it.

"By nightfall the First division occupied the area around Moulin, Paisy and Geny. The Second division bivouacked on the southern bank of the river, leaving only the Fifth brigade on the north bank to establish a bridge head. The Second corps found all the bridges destroyed except that at Conde, which was in possession of the enemy, and remained so until the end of the battle.

Halted by Artillery.

"In the approach to Missy, where the Fifth division eventually crossed, there is some open ground, which was swept by artillery fire from the opposite side. The Thirteenth brigade, therefore, was unable to advance, but the Fourteenth, directed to a less exposed point, was rafted over, and at night established itself on the left of St. Marguerite, where later, with the Fifteenth brigade, supported by the Fourth division on their left, it succeeded in repelling heavy counter attacks on the Third corps.

"On the morning of the 13th the Third corps found the enemy established in strength on Vregnay plateau. The Twelfth infantry crossed at Venizel, but the bridge was so damaged that the artillery could only be man-handled across it. Meanwhile, the

Counter Attack Repulsed.

"On the night of the 21st another

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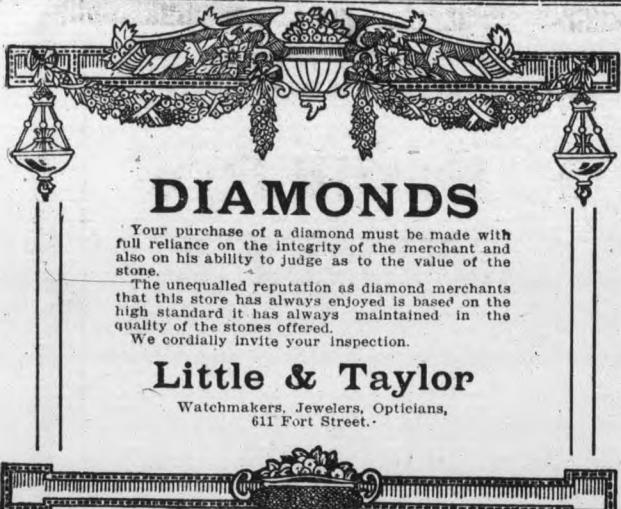
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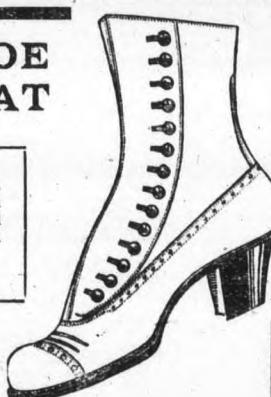
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WORK

for the

Victoria Patriotic Aid Fund**ITALY MOBILIZES FLEET OF ABOUT TWENTY SHIPS****GERMAN TORPEDO BOAT S-90 FOUND AGROUND**

Duke d'Abruzzi is Commander-in-Chief; Regina Margherita is Flagship.

New York, Oct. 19.—A special cable to the Tribune from Rome says: "An Italian fleet has now been completely mobilized, under the Duke d'Abruzzi, its commander-in-chief. The composition of the fleet is as follows:

"First division, three dreadnaughts; second, four battleships; third, four first-class cruisers; fourth, three second-class cruisers; fifth, four training ships; sixth, four older warships; seventh, torpedo-boats. Submarines and a scout destroyer flotilla are attached to each division, which is commanded by a rear-admiral.

"The flagship *Regina Margherita* is the duke's flagship."

GERMAN VESSEL FITTED AS HOSPITAL IS FOUND**Much Pain From Kidney Disease**

London, Oct. 19.—The German steamer *Ophelia*, from Hamburg, was brought into Yarmouth Roads to-day by a British cruiser from the North Sea. She was flying a Red Cross flag, and was found to have a wireless installation, which was dismantled. The vessel was fitted with 100 beds and the complete equipment of a floating hospital. The German flag has been kept flying from her stern, and it is said she will not be detained long.

This would seem to dispose of the report current earlier in the day that a German vessel had been sunk because she was engaged in mine laying.

YOUNG AND AGED WOMEN RETURNING TO FRANCE

London, Oct. 20.—A dispatch to Reuters from Berlin via Amsterdam says that Frenchmen and Frenchwomen under 17 and over 60 years, will henceforth be allowed to depart from Germany by the regular trains via Schaffhausen, Switzerland. The German authorities will facilitate their departure as much as possible and a bureau established in Berne will assist them in passing through Switzerland. The measure is reciprocal in nature and meant to meet a similar departure of Germans in France.

TWO BATTALIONS ARE WANTED IN PROVINCE**WHAT GERMANY WANTS IN REGARD TO FRANCE**

Eleven Hundred Soldiers From British Columbia for Second Canadian Contingent

Ottawa, Oct. 20.—In accordance with Sir Robert Borden's statement, the following details of the apportioned quotas of infantry by divisions and districts and provinces have been furnished by the acting minister of militia, Hon. J. D. Hazen:

Divisional Areas.—First, Southern Ontario, one battalion. Second, Western Ontario, two battalions. Third, Eastern Ontario, one battalion. Fourth, Southern Quebec, two battalions. Fifth, Northern Quebec, one battalion. Sixth, Maritime Provinces, two battalions.

The Quebec quota includes the French-Canadian battalion already authorized.

No. 10.—Manitoba and Saskatchewan, two battalions. No. 11.—British Columbia, two battalions. No. 12.—Alberta, one battalion.

Total battalions, 14, with 16,000 men. Each military division and each province is to furnish its quota as given above. Divisional headquarters are to be at London, Toronto, Kingston, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, Winnipeg, Calgary and Victoria. While New Brunswick is not the headquarters of a division, recruiting will also be carried on there, probably at St. John.

In its analysis, the plan means that less than a year 100,000 Canadians will be under arms and that they will be sent across the Atlantic constantly but gradually. The installments will number 10,000 each. It will be observed that this is somewhat of a change from the recently announced plan of dispatching the second contingent of 22,000. It is estimated that by the first of the year there will be \$8,000 men on the payroll of the Canadian army, and that the daily war bill of the Dominion, which is now about \$60,000 a day, will be more than \$100,000 a day.

There are now 33,000 Canadians in England, 1,000 at Bermuda, 8,000 on guard in Canada, the complements of the Nobe, Rainbow, Canada and two submarines, and 30,000 to be raised.

The lowest pay is \$1.10 a day, the rate of privates. Colonels get \$6.50 per day.

It is estimated that the equipment of each soldier, from bayonet to boots, with summer and winter kit, costs \$300. The force which has left has cost \$10,000,000.

The \$50,000,000 which was voted by the extra session in August is becoming exhausted. There is not enough of it left to finance the raising and equipping of the second expeditionary force. When parliament meets there will be a vote of at least \$50,000,000 more asked for the war budget and probably there will be further war taxation imposed.

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THE WAR.

A correspondent of the London Morning Post in a dispatch sent from the north of France declares that Ostend has been reoccupied by the allies. This is not confirmed by the French communiqué, which states that the Belgians continue to hold their position on the river Yser, ten miles southwest of Ostend. The same bulletin says the allies are maintaining their advanced positions around Lille in the face of strong opposition, although the correspondents of London newspapers state that Lille has been reoccupied by the allies.

The conflict between the versions of the correspondents and the official bulletins is more apparent than real. In the first place the information contained in the French announcements is several days old before it is given out. It is admitted, however, that the British navy took part in the battle along the Yser, cross firing upon the Germans advancing along the coast line. The effect of this, in conjunction with frontal attacks by the allies on land, would be to drive the enemy away from the coast, opening the way for the reoccupation of Ostend by either the land forces or by the navy.

The British announcement that the allies have thrown back the Germans thirty miles may be accepted as correct, but whether this refers to an advance as far as Ostend or the occupation of Roulers is not clear. It is definitely known, however, that the allies hold a line from Nieupont southwest of Ostend, through Dixmude to Roulers, giving them the southwest region of Belgium. Germany is hurrying up reserves in a frantic effort to bend back that line, for it is her only chance of snatching success from unfavorable prospects. These men, described as being of all ages, have been taken from Brussels and other Belgian camps and represent a forlorn hope. Failure must mean German evacuation of the west of Belgium and of all France, an operation which cannot be carried out now except with enormous difficulty.

The French have taken advantage of the transfer of large detachments elsewhere to establish themselves securely in Alsace and feverish preparation for the defence of Strasbourg by the Germans is reported. The substantial weakening of the German line anywhere between Belgium and Alsace would be the signal for a dash upon the Rhine from Alsace as well as upon the line between Verdun and Metz. The allies' operations on their right flank are secondary only in importance to the movement in Belgium. In fact, in French eyes they probably take first place, aside from the necessity of keeping closed a possible avenue for another German march to the north.

In the east, in spite of divergent reports from the various capitals, every indication points to the failure of the German attack upon the line of the Vistula from Warsaw southeasterly and the inability of the Austrians to make headway in Galicia. The invaders admit that the conditions of the country are unfavorable for effective operations, thereby conceding the Petrograd claim that they have been thrown back some twenty-five miles from Warsaw. If the Russian army is as large as a report from Rome says it is, that is, three million men, a strong Muscovite offensive may be anticipated before very long. The fact that these operations in the east are being carried on mainly in Russian territory is not at all an unfavorable sign. On the contrary it shows that Russia has maneuvered the Germans into fighting upon ground and under conditions most advantageous to her, a retreat from which would involve serious consequences to the German army. It may not be necessary for the Russians to fight a

prolonged battle on the German frontier before they advance on Silesia. The door to Berlin may be kicked open from the Vistula.

NATIONALIST MINISTERS.

The Hon. T. Chasé Casgrain has been sworn in as a member of the Canadian cabinet in place of the Hon. L. P. Pelletier, and it is reported that the Hon. Bruno Nantel and Hon. Louis Coderre also are about to retire.

The reason for Mr. Pelletier's resignation is officially stated to be ill-health. It is unlikely that Messrs. Nantel and Coderre, who also are Nationalists, would be actuated by similar considerations. The coincidence would be altogether too far-fetched. If they do retire, however, it is to be hoped that the country will receive a full and frank explanation of the cause of their action. Mr. Nantel is said to be slated for the railway commission, one of the highest and most remunerative positions in the gift of the Canadian people. Messrs. Coderre and Pelletier also are reported to be in line for public offices. If the Nationalist members of the cabinet are retiring because of their opposition to the policy of sending Canadian troops abroad, they should not receive any positions from the Canadian government, but should be relegated to the relative seclusion of private life.

DEMOCRACY WILL GAIN.

Democracy all over the world will be a gainer from the war. Two dynasties which represent the very antithesis of the constitutional progress of the people are doomed to lie on the scrap-heap. The accused doctrine expressed by Treitschke, which went out of fashion in Great Britain centuries ago, will be uprooted from the soil in which it has been entrenched. Whenever the champions of caste and special privilege anywhere attempt to bark movements of democratic advancement the public will recall the terrible sacrifice involved in the destruction of the cult on the continent of Europe and will come down upon them with irresistible force. Russia, curiously enough, finds herself aligned with the most advanced democratic nations of the world in opposition to the forces of oppression.

She will learn much from her association, but there still exists in the land of the Czar a reactionary element which has taken its inspiration from Potsdam. If after this struggle is over this element attempts to control the policy of the empire the people whose eyes have been opened as they never were opened before will take it by the throat and strangle it. Absolutism is making its last stand in Belgium and Russian Poland.

HER MAXIMUM.

A contemporary points out that while Germany may have ten million men liable for service in the war she cannot maintain more than four million in the field. This is quite true. In fact, she cannot keep even that number in the actual fighting line except for a very short period. For every man in the trenches at least three are required for auxiliary services, without which he can neither shoot nor fight. Immediately tributary to the battlefield are those engaged in the transport branch and in protecting lines of communication and supply depots and in numerous activities other than the actual fighting. In order to invade France with a million men Germany had to mobilize more than two million soldiers, besides reserves. All told there must be nearly three million men connected with the campaign in the west and not more than half of them, at the outside, are engaged directly with the enemy.

On the eastern front Germany is said to have another million and a half. This likewise means the mobilization of something like three million men. Were she to reinforce both armies she would have to add proportionately to the auxiliary services behind them. The maintenance of an army of three million men in the battle-front, therefore, makes a big hole in the number of eligibles for military service. Even to do this she has to denude some of her fortresses, but there are some districts which cannot be deprived of troops. The Baltic provinces, the Holland frontier and Schleswig-Holstein, and the Rhine, cannot be left unguarded.

But there are other services that must be maintained or the entire German structure will collapse. These include the operations of mines, some of which furnish the Krups with the materials which keep their furnaces going. The shipbuilding yards employ more men than in time of peace, and numerous other establishments engaged in the manufacture of army supplies must be kept going full blast. This work must be done by men. Then there are the strategic railways, which likewise are fully manned. Certain of the routine services of the cities and state cannot be permitted to stop or administrative paralysis will follow. It is obvious, therefore, that Germany has reached her maximum of fighting strength and she could not attain the figures we have given and continue her

vital auxiliary services in operation without closing down her principal industries, for she has not enough men to keep them all going, and even as it is she cannot maintain the pace more than a few months. The delusion that Germany has almost infinite resources of men is easily dispelled on investigation.

A BULLY AND HIS NEIGHBORS.

When the war began the Germans expressed their regret that it was necessary to hack their way through Belgium. They admitted that their act was immoral, a violation of human rights and the accepted laws of nations. But they made this concession to world opinion. They said they would compensate the Belgian people for the outrages and the destruction necessarily compelled them to impose as they hacked their way to domination of the earth. The war lords meant monetary compensation, we suppose, as if the behest of money could atone for the atrocious treatment of an unfortunate people by these modern Huns; could restore the dead to life, rehabilitate ravaged homes or compensate for the sufferings of the thousands who have fled for refuge like hunted animals to Holland and Britain. Furthermore, what evidence have the Germans given that their pledge of monetary compensation was promised in good faith?

There is every indication that the Kaiser intends that his forces shall permanently establish themselves in Belgium if they can. Ever since they profaned Belgian soil by their presence they have played the part of the highwayman or the freebooter. At the muzzles of guns they have extorted tribute from every city they entered. They have seized and imprisoned prominent citizens as security for the impossible "indemnities" they demanded. They have executed summarily not only persons who actively resisted them but even those who appeared to view their conduct with disfavor. Failure to salute a soldier with clanking sabre was set up as a heinous offence. A price has been set upon the head of the king who has proved himself a real man and worthy of his place because he has played an honorable and heroic part in the defence of the rights and the liberties of his people. That is the record of Germany in her relations with a weak neighbor whose only offence is that she, for the vindication of her sovereign rights are an independent nation, did her best to maintain those inalienable rights. Yet there are some Germans in this country and hundreds of thousands of them in the United States, who ought to understand what liberty stands for, who profess to believe that in this war the cause of the Fatherland is sacred.

She will learn much from her association, but there still exists in the land of the Czar a reactionary element which has taken its inspiration from Potsdam. If after this struggle is over this element attempts to control the policy of the empire the people whose eyes have been opened as they never were opened before will take it by the throat and strangle it. Absolutism is making its last stand in Belgium and Russian Poland.

TO-DAY'S SUMMARY.

That the allies are frustrating the attempt of the reinforced extreme right wing of the German army to skirt the English Channel ports with the object of finding a new route to Paris is indicated by the French official statement given out this afternoon, which asserts that the Belgian army is maintaining its position on the river Yser. Further actions, the statement adds, are being fought between the allies and the Germans in the region of Ypres, Belgium. From Ypres the allied left wing extends to the English Channel, where it is being supported by British naval forces. Along the remainder of the 360-mile battlefield stretching from the North Sea to Switzerland, where the defenders and the invaders have been deeply entrenched for thirty-seven days, the only activity noted is that in the region of the Meuse river, where heavy fighting goes on incessantly, principally in the vicinity of Camp des Romains.

French batteries at St. Mihiel, south of Verdun, are reported to have destroyed an entire battery of German artillery which had been particularly active in sweeping the French positions. There is a dearth of news from German sources concerning the operations of Emperor William's forces either in France or in Russia.

A huge conflict is in progress along the Vistula river in Russian Poland. Dispatches from Petrograd declare that after fierce fighting to the west of Warsaw the Germans have been driven back toward their main positions on a line from Sklernewicz, near Lodz, to Sandomir, on the Galician border.

Russian official reports say that the efforts of the Austrians to cross the river San have been repulsed.

In the Pacific ocean Japan has occupied for military purposes the German islands in the archipelagoes of Marshall, Mariana and Carolines. These groups lie from 1,000 to 1,700 miles east of the Philippines and include the American island of Guam. The occupation of Yap, one of the Caroline islands, gives Japan control of the German cable station which connects China with the Malay archipelago. Tokio announces that the German torpedo boat S-90, after escaping under cover of darkness from Tsing Tau, ran ashore at a point south of Kiao Chau bay and was destroyed by the Japanese blockade squadron. It was the S-90, according

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to a message from Tsing Tau, which sank the Japanese cruiser Takachiho. Advice from Bucharest by way of Berlin reiterates earlier reports that a big Russo-Turkish naval engagement has been fought in the Black Sea.

James W. Gerard, American ambassador to Germany, has succeeded in arranging for the release and departure of all British subjects in Germany over 55 years of age. Similar exchanges have been arranged for the nationals of France and Austria.

King George and Queen Mary returned to London to-day from Sandringham.

A patriotic German writes to the New York Sun objecting to Great Britain being considered "mistress of the seas" and to the singing of "Britannia Rules the Waves." He says the progress of the war does not indicate any justification for such sweeping sentiments. Perhaps the Teutonic champion of world domination is right. At the same time we note that the British fleet is now the extreme left wing of the allied forces, and that from the sea it has been taking an active, and doubtless effective, part in the battles on land. So that perhaps the sweeping expression "mistress of the seas" might be amplified. + + +

The Made-in-Victoria exhibition will open in the drill hall on Thursday next. The object of the exhibitors is to stimulate local interest in articles of native manufacture and production. We trust the exhibition will be successful in its mission, as we have no doubt it will be, because home manufacture and production are the true foundations of permanent prosperity. Everybody in the city should go and see for themselves what our local industries are capable of doing.

HOHENZOLLERN'S CONSCIENCE.

Vain pride, begone!
Thou child of Hell, the crown of ambition
thou bestowest upon me has fallen
to dust.

An empty bauble.

What could I e'er expect? To think that
I should place myself upon an equal
plane as that Great Mighty One,
The God of War!

And call upon His name, invoke His aid
upon my dastard actions.

Ambition! Ah, thou wicked genius!
How I nursed thee, and in this pride-
blown bosom fondled thee, through
vanished years,

And what a guerdon!

The hatred of the world—aye, hatred
deep as Hell's dark night,

And through my waking hours, heart-
splitting sounds assall these ears,

so long to reason dull.

And in my fitful hours of sleep, a grim
array of humans, maimed by my
decree, pass through this brain diseased,

Mocking me, not envying me my lot,
though crowned king.

Continual in their silent ranks they pass
me.

The hatred of the world—aye, hatred
deep as Hell's dark night,

And through my waking hours, heart-
splitting sounds assall these ears,

so long to reason dull.

And with orbs, though sightless, peer
into my blackened soul,

Beseeching me with outstretched arms
disfigured. To think upon the script

that bore my worthless name,

O that I by my once mighty will
could blot out such a past infamous

and wail like other men in Honor's path!

But no! Such fate can never be mine,

However much the past I might retrieve.

No good I ever did could merit such a
boon!

For me the future holds perchance, if
fate permits,

A blood-stained crown, a tottering throne,
Fit recompence for such unworthy deeds
that filled my life.

Fame I shall have through untold years,

And blazoned on men's hearts my hated
name.

Shall rank with Nero and his dark com-
peers,

And to posterity go down with blackest
shame.

MAC.

Esquimalt, B. C.

+ + +

GIVING AND GETTING.

Sensible people will give a bucket of
water to a dry pump that they may
afterwards get from it all they have ob-
casional cost for.—Franklin.

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED

Lectures on Domestic Art



To-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Tearoom

Professor Margaret J. Blair

Will give her second lecture

"HEALTH AND BEAUTY IN DRESS"

This is a most instructive, profitable and interesting subject and every lady in Victoria should endeavor to be present to hear it. Mrs. Blair is the director of the Department of Domestic Art in the University of Minnesota. She has an international reputation as a speaker and apostle of home-making. Her lectures are free. She has nothing to sell or introduce, so come and bring your friends.

—Take Elevator to Second Floor

All Imported Novelty Suits To Go On Sale Wednesday at \$25, \$35, \$50 and \$75

Regular Values From \$35.00 to \$150.00

We have included our entire stock of imported Novelty Suits for this extraordinary sale Wednesday. This sale is a most unusual one for so early in the season, and we believe that a very large circle of women will appreciate the opportunity of securing their new Fall Costume at such a great priece advantage. In the View street windows you will see samples of the \$25.00 Suits exhibited. The other offerings—being all high-class exclusive novelties—will only be displayed in the department on first floor.

It's impossible for us to describe these wonderful creations here as the range includes everything that's new and fashionable this season, such as cape effects, the long seven-eighths coat with military effect and plain skirt; also Russian overdress effects and many other exclusive novelties. The materials are tweeds in a large variety of shades, fancy checks, chiffon broadcloths, velvets, chinchillas, velour cloth, and fancy whipeord. Some models are most handsomely trimmed with monkey fur, sable, natural fitch and military braids.

Such an important sale will create unusual interest so we advise you to investigate this offering without delay. Sale starts Wednesday morning sharp at 8:30.

See Samples Displayed in View Street Window and in Mantle Department on First Floor

Special Purchase of Chiffon and Brocade Velvets---Wednesday

Values to \$4.75 and \$5.75, for \$3.00 Values to \$12.50, for \$5.75

A most fortunate

Wet Weather Throats

Are quickly and pleasantly relieved by our wonder working Throat Pastilles.

Only 25¢ per tin.

Cyrusff Bowes
1228 GOVERNMENT ST.
The old-established Drug Store

Yes! Made in Canada

And whether you consider quality, style or anything else, you can't beat them for all round goodness.

Pennman's Seamless Hosiery, second to none, 50¢ and ... 35¢ "Zenith" Underwear, absolutely guaranteed against shrinkage.

Per garment 90¢ and ... 75¢ Watson's Underwear, \$1.50 to ... 30¢

Watson's Combinations, \$2.50 to ... 1.00

Turnbull's Underwear, every ... 35¢ Children's sizes also, in all these makes.

Crompton's Celebrated Corsets, worn by particular women everywhere, \$2.50 to ... 50¢

G. A. Richardson & Co
638 Yates Street.
VICTORIA HOUSE

Roof Leak?

SEE OR PHONE

Newton & Greer
1326 Wharf St. Phone 887
MAKERS OF

"NAG" WATERPROOF ROOF COMPOSITION

Victoria Night Schools

SESSION COMMENCES OCT. 26, 1914.

ALL CLASSES, 7.30 p.m. to 9.30 p.m.

VICTORIA HIGH SCHOOL, FERNWOOD ROAD.

COMMERCIAL COURSES—Commercial English, Commercial Arithmetic, Short-hand, Bookkeeping, Typewriting, English for foreign-born citizens.

ENGINEERING COURSES—Practical Mathematics, Machine Construction and Drawing, Electrical Engineering, Civil Engineering.

BUILDING TRADES COURSES—Workshop Arithmetic (Geometry and Mensuration), Carpentry and Joinery, Building Construction and Architecture.

ART COURSES—Drawing, Decorative Design, Lettering and Showcard Writing.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE AND ART—Sewing and Dressmaking, Millinery, Cooking.

Enroll at the School Board Offices, City Hall, during office hours, 9 a.m., 5 p.m., or at High School, Fernwood road, between 7 and 9 p.m., on October 23.

For full particulars regarding classes see special syllabus, or consult the director of night classes, Mr. E. B. Paul, or the School Board Secretary, at the City Hall. Telephone 528.

SHORT WEIGHTS OR MEASURES.

All complaints of short weight or measure will be attended to by the undersigned at the City Hall.

A. G. ROBERTSON,
Far Weights and Measures Officer,
City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C.

October 8, 1914.

IN THE MATTER OF THE "COMPANIES' ACT"

AND

BUNGALOW CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED

The Creditors of the above-named Company are required, on or before the 23rd day of October, 1914, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims to the Colonial Trust Company, Limited Merchants' Bank Building, No. 700 Yates street, Victoria, B. C., the Liquidator of that said Company, and if so required, by notice writing from the said Liquidator, or by his Solicitors, or personally, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as may be specified in such notice, or in default hereof, they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before the said debts are proved.

Dated this 15th day of October, 1914.

ELLIOTT, MACLEAN & SHANLEY, Solicitors for the above-named Liquidator.

IN THE MATTER OF THE "COMPANIES' ACT"

AND

BUNGALOW CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, LIMITED

TAKE NOTICE that a meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Bungalow Construction Company, Limited, will be held at Fisher's Hall, the 23rd day of October, 1914, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the Colonial Trust Company, Limited, Merchants' Bank Building, No. 700 Yates street, Victoria, British Columbia, and at Victoria, B. C., this 15th day of October, 1914.

COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED,

Liquidator for Bungalow Construction Company, Ltd.

BRIEF NEWS OF THE CITY

Wm. Stewart, Men's and Ladies' Tailor shop, Campbell building, corner Fort and Douglas streets.

S. P. C. A.—Cases of cruelty phone Inspector Russell, 1921; Secretary, L1738.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

Store Clerks get on Voters' List.

Important Notice—There are many who want to get out on the land and who have not enough cash to make the first payment, but who own city or suburban lots. To help out we have arranged to do a limited amount of exchanging at a conservative valuation. Seven settlers bought land in the last ten days. They had only to see it to buy. The land is on or close to the railway to Courtenay and Alberni. Price \$40 and \$45 an acre, in tracts to suit, on long terms.

For Fire, marine, automobile, liability, sickness and accident, plate glass, elevators and employers' liability, consult Gillespie, Hart & Todd, general agents for British Columbia. All claims settled and paid by our office.

A Large Dental Practice—built strictly on business principles which represent an honest effort, good material and a guaranteed result. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St.

SANDS Funeral Furnishing Co., Limited, Funeral Directors and Licensed Embalmers. You will find our charges reasonable. Prompt and courteous. Service day or night. Phone 3306. Lady in attendance, 1515 Quadra street.

Olison's Roses are the best.

Montrose Rooms—Blushard street, are exceptionally well ventilated and heated. If looking for a bright cosy room for the winter months it will pay you to examine these. Special low rates are being asked.

Are Your Teeth Sound—if not come in and let me examine them. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St.

Hanna & Thomson, Phone 498, Funeral Directors, 827 Pandora ave.

The expense of a funeral is a matter of your own desire. We attend to every detail of arrangements. Our home-like chapel free to our patrons. Lady attendant if desired. Calls day or night promptly attended.

A Reliable Dentist—One who will guarantee all his work. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St. Open evenings.

Painless Methods—for the extraction of Teeth. Dr. J. L. Thompson, 1214 Government St. Open evenings.

Phoenix Stout, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

Put It in a Demijohn—One gallon size, 35¢; two gal. m. 70c. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

Retail Employees' Dance, Connaught hall, Thursday, October 22, 8.30 to 10.30. Mann's orchestra.

Save by buying your Hardware and Groceries at The Shore Hardware company.

Red Conditions in a Fire Insurance Policy means exceptions to British Columbia statutory form of policy. One "Red Condition," in event of loss, may prevent you from obtaining your money. J. L. Hackett, General Agent, Svea Insurance Company, 115 Campbell Bldg. Phone 1880.

Store Clerks get on Voters' List.

Fire Insurance in Board Companies Only—J. L. Hackett, General Agent, Campbell Bldg. Phone 1880.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

Harvest Home Dance, Colwood hall, Tuesday, October 20.

Finding It Out that it is far cheaper to buy best quality furniture just out of the high rental district. That is where we are and that is the reason for our low prices. The Standard Furniture company, 731-3 Pandora avenue above Douglas. Just out of the high rental district. Your credit is good.

Board Companies and Losses Paid!

If You Want a Truck or Express Wagon, phone 693. Cameron & Caldwell, Phone 693. Johnson.

South Saanich Municipality—The petition to the reeve and council, showing the saving of an enormous amount of money to the ratepayers, may be signed at the following places: The Times Office, the Colonist office and all the District stores and hotels.

If You Get it At PLIMLEY'S It's All Right

Gasoline 18c Per Gallon

This is Only One of the Good Things at Plimley's New Store.

THOS. PLIMLEY
727-735 Johnson Street.

Fairfield Road Paving—On account of anticipated opposition to the paving of Fairfield road, the two notices of motion which stood in Alderman Todd's name have been laid over for a week.

Divorce Action Being Heard—Mr. Justice Gregory is to-day hearing the divorce action of Macdonald v. Macdonald, in which the wife is suing for a dissolution of the marriage between her and Maynard Macdonald, C. B. S. Phelan is acting for the petitioner and the action is undefended. It is understood that Mrs. Macdonald is contemplating leaving for the scene of the war as a Red Cross nurse.

An Attractive Programme—One of the finest programmes of motion pictures seen in this city is being shown at the Variety theatre during the first part of this week. The "Treasure of Abdar Rahman," a four-part Pathé production, is the headliner on the bill. The balance of the show includes a number of very good comedies. Miss Beriman, the popular vocalist, is also appearing at this theatre, in popular selections.

Tenders for Printing Lists—At the city council meeting last evening the mayor opened the bids for printing and binding the civic voters' lists for 1915. The tenders were all different, T. R. Cusack's at \$2.25 per page being the lowest.

Low Price Continued—The Producers' Rock and Gravel company has notified the city council of its intention to reduce the price of sand and gravel used on relief street work 25 cents per yard on the contract price quoted earlier in the year. This reduction has been rendered possible through the assistance of Carlin & Fitzpatrick, who have reduced their price on teaming. In mentioning the matter to the city council, the Producers' Rock and Gravel company indicated that if the council found it necessary to continue relief work, the same price would be maintained, subject to the location of the streets involved.

Arrange for Meeting—The Victoria and District Unemployed league at its meeting last evening decided to make immediate arrangements for a gathering at the Variety theatre, which has been placed at the disposal of the committee by L. J. Quagliotti. The premier and members of the legislature, the mayor and several representative citizens will be invited to occupy seats on the platform. For the committee which waited on the board of directors of the Jubilee hospital on Friday, C. Clivert, chairman, reported. The relief fund now amounts to \$193.75. The Stonemasons' union sent \$26.50, and the Street Railwaymen \$13.50.

First Aid Medallions—Five medallions of the St. John Ambulance association, awarded to Victoria ladies, have been received by the honorary secretary of the local centre for presentation to the successful candidates. These are in addition to thirteen first-aid certificates awarded in connection with the same class, conducted by Dr. A. B. Hudson last spring and examined by Dr. W. E. Scott-Moncreiff representing May. The winners of the medallions are Miss Elizabeth Carr, Mrs. Lena B. Mackenzie, Mrs. Maude Shepherd, Miss Agnes Walker, Mrs. Dorothy Wilson. Under the regulations of the association it is necessary, to obtain a medallion, that two examinations in first aid to the injured be passed and a third in either first aid, home nursing, home hygiene or sanitation.

Evidence of the actual beggary was given by Isidore M. Nodec and Adolf Lancaster. The former testified to giving the prisoner five dollars which he soon got rid of. This morning the prisoner explained that he lost the five dollars through a hole in his pocket.

The arrest was made by Detectives Turner and Siciliano, who had previously warned the man to get off the streets and get to work.

An amusing interlude in this morning's proceedings occurred when the prisoner was asked his nationality. Yesterday he informed both Deputy Chief Palmer and Inspector of Detectives Perdue that he was a German Jew, but evidently having reconsidered since then that he was more likely to get off if he took his nativity from one of the allied nations, he swore solemnly in the witness box that he was a Russian Jew.

"Where were you born?" asked Magistrate Jay.

Collebjahm thought for a moment.

"Lodz," he finally answered.

"That is close to the Prussian border, isn't it?" asked the magistrate.

"About one hundred miles off," said the prisoner.

In spite of all questions he still maintained that Russian Poland was his birth. Later he admitted having a criminal record in San Francisco, and the possession of several aliases.

It was only when the magistrate added the words "hard labor" to the sentence that he began to yell.

Action is Dismissed—In supreme court yesterday afternoon Mr. Justice Gregory dismissed the action of the Olympia Stone Construction company v. Munson and Rowe, of Vancouver, and Broyle and Martin, of Stevenson, arising out of the sale of the tug Rip Rap. His lordship upheld the contention of the defence that the sale through the former defendants to the latter defendants for cash and exchange was carried through with the knowledge and consent of the agent for the vendors, C. W. Bowman, the president and general manager of the firm. The argument of counsel for the plaintiff company, D. S. Tait and H. C. Hall, was that the sale was to be for cash, and that even if Bowman had agreed to a sale for part exchange he had no authorization from the company to make any such deal. Notice of appeal was served to-day. E. V. Bowell, K. C., and R. M. McDonald, Vancouver, were for the two defendant firms.

Is Vagrant—Convicted of vagrancy in the police court this morning, Frank James was allowed out on his own recognizances for one day to give him an opportunity to leave town. When arrested he had a ticket to Seattle on his person, and Magistrate Jay suggested that he make use of it to-day.

Diocesan W. A. Meets—The Very Rev. Dean Doull opened the quarterly meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary last Friday evening in the Cathedral schoolroom, and Mrs. Atkinson gave an excellent address on "The Ideal of the W. A." A second discourse of interest was that given by Miss K. Andrews on "The Call of the Mission Field." Reports for the year included the treasurer's report, showing receipts amounting to \$160.28 and expenditures of \$32.45; the secretary's report, and a statement with respect to some of the more important correspondence received. Resolutions of sympathy were passed to Mr. and Mrs. Hickie, of Parksville on the death of their daughter, and to the widow of the Rev. J. Wilson. The meeting decided that the extra pledge of \$300 for the support of the mission at Alert Bay would be undertaken by the Diocesan Board. Branches were asked to contribute a small amount each month toward the educational fund. Miss Ravenhill, of Shawigan Lake, will speak at the November meeting which is to be held in St. Barnabas' schoolroom.

Soldier and Horseman—At High River, Alberta, on Saturday, the death occurred of Murray Hendrie, as the result of a wagon accident. The late Mr. Hendrie was a frequent visitor to this city, his last visit being two months ago, when he was the guest of E. B. Macleod. As a horseman the late Mr. Hendrie was noted all over the country, and at his ranch in Alberta he carried on the business of raising and training high-grade animals. He was thirty-seven years old, the youngest son of the late William Hendrie, of Hamilton, and a half-brother of Hon. J. S. Hendrie, newly-appointed Lieutenant-governor of Ontario, and of Colonel Hendrie, who has gone to the front with the volunteers from the 48th Highlanders of Toronto. He was himself a soldier, like all the other men of his family, had served in South Africa and had offered his services in the present war.



THE STANDARD ARTICLE SOLD EVERYWHERE REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

FURS

Some one has said that furs make a plain woman beautiful and a beautiful woman ravishing.

That may be a bit of poetic extravagance, but there is no question but furs enhance the costume and add to the beauty of the face.

The average woman does not buy furs as she does a new hat—with the thought that if it is not satisfactory she can easily get another. She buys them after careful consideration and selection, because it means a large expenditure of money and, therefore, must be made to last several seasons.

It is also true that the average woman does not know very much concerning fur value. It is, therefore, necessary that she buys from only reliable fur dealers.

In the advertising columns of the Times are to be seen the announcements of fur sales by reliable merchants in almost every edition.

Patriotic Music

Piano Songs

Scores of people seeking popular patriotic music have been turned away during the past few days owing to the depletion of our stock, but a new consignment of the latest as well as the well-known patriotic songs and marches, both in sheet music and in piano rolls, has just arrived. Order early to make sure.

SOME OF THE SELECTIONS

- It's a Long Way to Tipperary (sheet and roll).
- O Canada (sheet and roll).
- Rule Britannia (sheet and roll).
- Soldiers of the Queen (sheet and roll).
- La Marseillaise (roll only).
- British National Airs (roll only).
- Canadian National Airs

Gordons Limited

739 Yates St.

Phone 1391

With this great Anniversary Sale we celebrate the closing of the third year of successful business in this city. This year it comes under extraordinary circumstances—at this time people all over the country are doing their utmost to economize in order to meet the results of the somewhat disturbed business conditions occasioned by the European war. Therefore, these opportunities to save money on articles of necessity will be doubly welcomed by the thrifty women of this city. Another great feature of this sale is that it comes right at the beginning of the Fall season, thereby giving you the benefit of a whole season's wear of these underpriced garments.

Beautiful Suits Taken From Our Regular Stock Are Reduced for This Great Anniversary Sale

Lot 1 SALE PRICE \$13.90

At this price we have selected a line of smart Suits, made of a suiting weight of boucle cloth, and are cut in a correct style for fall wear. The coat is barely three-quarter length, and the skirt is plain. Several colors are shown in this low-priced suit.

Lot 2 SALE PRICE \$15.90

Fine serges and fancy suittings are well represented at this price. Many plain and novel effects are shown including beautiful velvet trimmings, tunic skirts, and straight and cutaway coats. Some really charming styles among them, and such a small price.

Lot 3 SALE PRICE \$18.90

When looking these Suits over one stops to wonder how they can be possibly made so smart and well, and with such care at such a small price. These Suits have been selling at a much higher price, but during our Anniversary Sale we have remarked them to a price that is a marked advantage to you. Beautiful serges and some tweeds are among the materials used, and the styles embody practically all the season's new effects. Several distinctive navy serge Suits, plain tailored, with skirts made in tunic effects, are included. You can't afford to miss this opportunity.



Anniversary Specials in Ladies' Gloves

Ladies' Gloves in a beautiful doe finish. You will find these Gloves just to your liking for fall and winter wear. They are warm and wear exceedingly well, and at the same time have that touch of smartness and daintiness necessary to fashionably dressed women. These gloves have broad self-colored stitching on the backs and are made to fasten with two-dome fasteners. Colors to choose from are white, black, tan, grey, navy and champagne. Sizes 5½ to 7½. Price, pair.....**35c**

Special Value in Ladies' Gloves

These are certainly a wonderful value, and one that demands attention of every woman. They are made of real nappa leather, to fasten with two-dome fasteners. The materials and stitching is excellent throughout. They come in tan only. Anniversary Sale price, per pair.....**35c**

No Smarter Skirts Than These and You Can Buy Them at a Big Saving

Materials are black and navy serges, tweeds and wool broche. They are made in plain styles, some with tunic effect. Colors include black, navy, mahogany, grey and pepper. Sale price.....**\$4.65**

An Unusual Sale of Modart Corsets—The Lace in Front

A few odd lines that we have decided to clear out. In some cases they have been reduced to almost one-quarter of their regular price. It seems hardly necessary to give full details of this popular Corset, as they are well known to have no rival. The materials throughout are of the very best and the workmanship unequalled. You will find these Corsets comfortable from the very first, being made with this object specially in view. This sale gives an opportunity to try these high-grade Corsets at a fraction of their regular price. An expert corsetiere is in charge and will be pleased to give you any information regarding your being perfectly fitted. Regular values to \$18.50. Anniversary Sale price, only.....**\$3.75**

Women Can Save Money Here on Seasonable Underwear

Combinations—Ladies' all-wool, knit with high neck, long sleeves and ankle length. This is a perfect-fitting garment and is good value at its regular price. Regular price \$4.00. Sale price.....**\$3.15**

Ladies' Silk Lisle Combinations in heavy winter weight. Made with high neck, short or long sleeves, knee or ankle length. There is only a few of these garments and at such a low price they require to be picked up early. Regular price \$4.50. Sale price.....**\$3.85**

Wool and Cotton Combinations, made in all the different styles. Regular price \$2.00. Sale price **\$1.65**

Vests, fine wool, knit, with a slight mixture of cotton, cream and natural colors. Drawers to match in open or closed style. Regular price, per garment, \$1.00. Sale.....**85c**

Children's Vests and Drawers—A few odd lines to clear at reduced prices. Misses' Drawers, in white and natural, for ages 6 to 12 years. To sell at **HALF-PRICE**

Sale of Fine Cashmere Hose

Almost any woman can find room for another pair or two of fine Cashmere Hose, especially when able to buy at such an advantage as these. They are knit from the finest cashmere in either plain or silk embroidered. All sizes; in black only. Regular prices 65c pair. Sale price, pair.....**45c**

Third Anniversary Sale Starting To-Morrow

Gordons Limited

739 Yates St.

Phone 1391

Select Your Winter Bedding at Anniversary Sale Prices

Sheeting, plain and twill, 2 yds. wide. Regular 35c yard. Sale price, yard.....	32½¢
Plain and Twill Sheetings, 2½ yds. wide. Regular 40c yard. Sale price, yard.....	35¢
Hochelaga Plain Sheetings, 2 yds. wide. Regular 42½c yard. Sale price, yard.....	40¢
Hochelaga Plain Sheetings, 2½ yds. wide. Regular 45c yard. Sale price, yard.....	40¢
Hochelaga Plain Sheetings, 2½ yds. wide. Regular 50c yard. Sale price, yard.....	45¢
Sheets, plain hemmed in single, three-quarter, double and large sizes. Regular \$1.75 pair. Sale price, pair.....	\$1.60
Regular \$2.00 pair. Sale price, per pair.....	\$1.75
Regular \$2.25. Sale price, per pair.....	\$1.95
Regular \$2.50. Sale price \$2.15	
Marcella Bedspreads. Regular price \$2.25. Sale price.....	\$1.95
Regular \$2.75. Sale price, each, only.....	\$2.40
Pique Bedspreads, double-bed size. Regular price \$2.65. Sale price, each.....	\$2.15
Regular \$2.75. Sale price, per pair.....	\$2.45
Regular \$3.00. Sale price, per pair.....	\$2.65
Regular \$3.25. Sale price, per pair.....	\$2.95
Twill Sheets in three-quarter and double bed size. Regular \$3.00 per pair. Sale price, pair.....	\$2.65
Regular \$3.25 pair. Sale price, pair.....	\$2.95
Pillow Cotton, medium weight, 40 and 42 ins. wide. Regular 22½c yard. Sale price, yard.....	20¢
Pillow Cases, hemstitched, 40, 42, 44, 46 ins. long. Regular 35c pair. Sale price, dozen.....	\$1.95
Plain Hemmed Pillow Cases, 40, 42, 44 and 46 ins. Regular 50c pair. Sale price, dozen.....	\$2.65

SALE OF TURKISH TOWELS	
Fine Brown Turkish Towels. Regular prices from 35c to 85c pair. Sale price, pair, from 30c to 75¢	

Women Will Have the Full Winter's Benefit Out of These Coats

Not often do women folk have the opportunity of buying their Coats at the beginning of the season at reduced prices. That's why you should take hold of this opportunity without delay.

Lot 1 ANNIVERSARY SALE PRICE \$9.90

A range of smart, warm Coats, made from a heavy quality blanket coating in a number of two-toned effects, including grey, brown and navy mixtures.

Lot 2 ANNIVERSARY SALE PRICE \$13.90

This lot includes some extraordinarily good values—values that should not be passed by without investigation by any woman in need of a warm winter Coat. Materials include plushette, pressed plush, blanket cloth, zibelines and fancy curl coatings, in a wide range of soft and duo-toned colorings. All are made in this season's latest styles; some have belts and belted effects at the back and a large number are made with military collars that fasten close to the neck.

Lot 3 ANNIVERSARY SALE PRICE \$15.90

Some of our finest Coats are included in this group. Most of this season's popular coatings are represented, and the styles are some of the prettiest and most nobly we have seen this Fall, which will make your choosing easy.



You will find the selection large.

Many Extraordinary Values in Fall Dress Goods, Coatings, Silk, Velvets and Velveteens

DRESS GOODS

Plain and fancy weaves, suitable for women's and children's dresses. All the Fall colors are represented. Reg. prices \$1.25 to \$1.50 yard. Sale price **95¢**

Extra Heavy Colored Serge, in saxe brown, dark green, navy, reseda and purple, 50 ins. wide. Reg. price \$1.00 yard. Sale price.....
 85¢ |

Plain and Fancy All-wool Serges, in navy, bottle green, and brown. Sale price, yard.....
 53¢ |

Black and White Check Materials, 40 and 22 ins. wide. Sale prices, per yard, 45c, 60c and.....
 75¢ |

Broad Cloths, in all the wanted shades for Fall wear, 48 ins. wide. Regular price \$1.50 yard. Sale price.....
 \$1.25 |

Opera Cloakings, in many new pastel shades for evening wear, 50 ins. wide. Regular \$2.00 yard. Sale, yard.....
 \$1.50 |

COATINGS

A Special line of Astrachans, in cardinal, emerald, saxe, gold, brown, black and cream. Sale price, yard.....
 \$1.75 |

Blanket Coatings, in mixed and plain colors, extra heavy quality. Regular \$2.00 yard. Sale price, yard.....
 \$1.75 |

Four pieces only Fine Blanket Coatings, in two-toned affects. 52 ins. wide. Regular \$1.50 yard. Sale price, yard.....
 \$1.50 |

VELVETEENS

Velveteens, in all the wanted shades for Fall, 22 ins. wide. Sale price, yd. **45¢**

Extra Heavy Quality Velvets—These come in a weight that makes them suitable for coats and suits. You can choose from these colors: Saxe, mahogany, seal brown, navy, electric, reseda, and wine; 40 ins. wide. Regular \$3.00 yard. Sale price, yard.....
 \$2.45 |

CHIFFON VELVETS

In a fine range of new and beautiful colors, 40 ins. wide. Regular \$4.50 yard. Sale price, yard.....
 \$3.95 |

SIKHS

Moire Silks, suitable for afternoon and evening wear, in a wide range of exquisite colors, 40 ins. wide. Regular \$2.75. Sale price.....
 \$2.45 |

Silk Poplins are very popular this season in evening gowns. Colors are orange, labrador, navy, taupe, purple, mauve, old rose and adobe brown; 40 ins. wide. Regular \$3.00 yard. Sale price, yard.....
 \$2.45 |

Two Extraordinary Savings on Dainty Waists

Such a small price that one wonders how they can possibly be so pretty and made with such care. Yet there are some really charming styles among them. Fine muslins with pique vest effect and roll collars; others of crepe or pique, but all of them neat, dainty and right up to the minute in style. Bear in mind, extraordinary value—a small lot—BE EARLY. **\$1.35**

Another sale of Waists that will attract attention. This line is made of fancy striped vesting, low cut, collar and cuffs figured crepe, with neatly hemstitched edges. A pretty silk cord which ties at the neck gives a decided smart effect. Anniversary Sale price

95c

The Shoe Department Contributes to the List of Anniversary Sale Bargains

Ladies' Button and Lace Boots of the famous Dorothy Dodd make. This lot includes shoes made of fine vicu kid, box calf and patent leather. Anniversary Sale price, pair.....

\$3.35

Ladies' Satin Pumps for evening wear. Colors are black, sky, pink and gold. All sizes. Regular prices from \$4.00 to \$5.00. Anniversary Sale price

\$3.35

About Twenty Pair of the Finest Grade Dorothy Dodd Boots, in small sizes only. Regular price, pair, \$6.50. Anniversary Sale price, pair

\$3.95

Housefurnishings at Anniversary Sale Prices

Bordered Curtain Nets, Cream Madras Muslins, Stencilled Etamine. Regular 25c value. Anniversary Sale price, per yard.....

19¢

Scalloped Cream and White Madras Muslin. Hemstitched Scrim, Hemstitched Muslin, dainty fine Nets, Bordered Bungalow and strong Scotch Nets, in all shades. Regular 35c. Anniversary Sale price, yard.....

23¢

Hemstitched Scrims, rich Bordered Madras Muslins, Bungalow Nets, in all shades. Regular 35c to 50c values. Anniversary Sale price, yard.....

29¢

English Cretonnes and Art Sateens, 31 ins. wide. All the new colors. Anniversary Sale price, yard.....

12½¢

Art Sateen, Chintz, Rep., English and American Cretonnes. Regular 25c and 35c yard. Anniversary Sale price, per yard.....

19¢

Fine Chintz, English Cretonnes, Art Sateens and Reps. Regular 35c to 45c values. Anniversary Sale price.....

29¢

Anniversary Sale Items From Our Bargain Basement

36 only. Ladies' New Fall Coats will march out in quick time on Wednesday morning. They include Coats of heavy all-wool blanket cloth in many plain and duo-toned effects and also coats of heavy tweed. They are made with full skirt effect, slightly cutaway, military collar and plain and fancy backs. Anniversary Sale price

\$6.90

Clearing Out Ready-to-Wear Hats at Bargain Prices. A large assortment of neatly trimmed Felt Hats. Included are also a number of beaver felt shapes. All the popular colors for Fall are represented. Regular values to \$3.50. Anniversary Sale

\$1.90

A Great Anniversary Bargain in Waists. Several pretty, dainty and serviceable styles are included in this lot, including a number of Tailored Shirt Waists. You cannot afford to overlook this great opportunity to be offered to you during this sale. It will pay you to secure two or three of these at this price. Anniversary Sale

40¢



Great Wreck Sale

BY THE RAILWAY SALVAGE BROKERS, IN A LARGE DOUBLE STORE

Come to the Wreck Sale

For the Bargain Treat of Your Life. OVER \$50,000 Worth of Merchandise to Be Sold in the Large Double Store Building at Corner Yates and Government Streets, in 30 Days. SALE OPENS WEDNESDAY, 10 a.m.

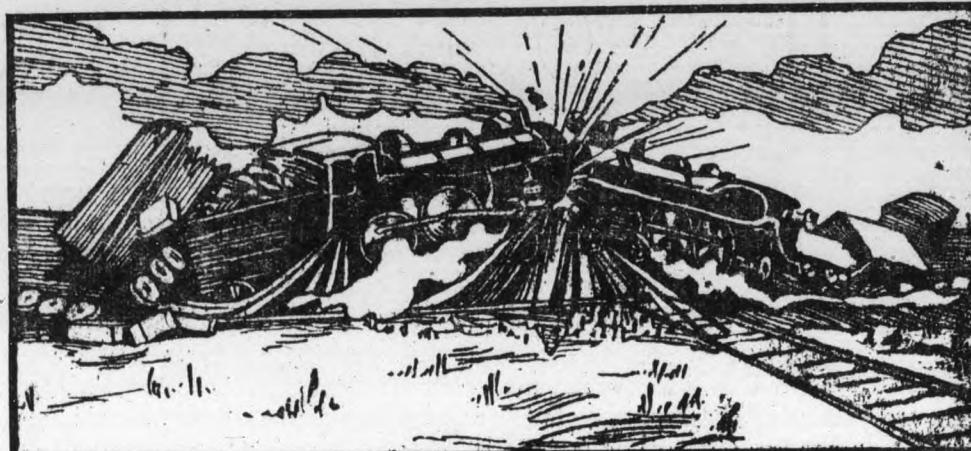
MEN'S SUSPENDERS

Regular 35c and 50c. Wreck Price 9c

MEN'S WORK AND DRESS SOX

Worth 15c to 25c. Now 4c

Men's Shirts, worth to \$1.00. Wreck Price 19c



Sale Opens on Wednesday

at 10 a.m. for Thirty Days. Come!

Carloads and Carloads of Merchandise to Be Thrown on the Market at the Lowest Prices on Record. Come and Get Your Share

TINWARE AND GRANITEWARE

10c Tin Cups and 15c Pie Plates. Wreck Price	2c
50c Coffee Pots. Wreck Price	9c
15c Dippers. Wreck Price	6c
75c and \$1.00 Granite Dish Pans. Wreck Price	9c
15c and 25c Knives. Wreck Price	4c

A Terrific Wrecking and Smashing of Prices

Nothing like it before. It's the mercantile calamity of the century. All other attempts at cheap selling will fade into insignificance when this mammoth Sale opens with its monster bargains. An enormous stock of damaged and slightly damaged goods, including the merchandise purchased from the C. P. R. will be sold with thousands of dollars of perfect goods in Victoria, at corner Yates and Government Streets. Over \$50,000 dollars' worth of merchandise of all descriptions, consisting of Men's Clothing, Shoes, Furnishings, Hats, Children's Wearing Apparel, Groceries, Tinware, Jewellery, etc. All to be sold in THIRTY DAYS, beginning

A Golden Opportunity to Save Money

WEDNESDAY AT 10 A.M.

Crash It! As Thousands Will Do

Building Is Now Closed

Stock is being invoiced, arranged, retagged and marked at the lowest prices known in years

GREAT WRECK SALE

CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS

The Railway Company Stands Part of the Loss, and It's Your Gain. Come. Don't Miss It.

Men's Fine Suits and Overcoats, worth to \$30.00 for \$9.89

NO ONE KNOWS WHERE GRAND FLEET RIDES

Rear-Admiral Story Says Jellicoe Alone Can Tell; Officer Comes to Esquimalt

An active, kindly man, who looks a good deal younger than his fifty-five year, Rear-Admiral W. O. Story, who arrived in the city yesterday afternoon to take his new command at Esquimalt, evidently believes more in deeds than in words. When approached by a Times reporter for an interview the admiral had nothing to say.

Asked to give some opinion about the war he remarked that he had been living in Canada for two years and knew no more about what was going on at the theatre of hostilities than what the bulletins told him.

"What do you think the British fleet is doing?"

"I have made many inquiries on the subject myself," he answered smilingly, "but so far as I can ascertain no single person in the British Isles knows in the slightest degree where the grand fleet is situated at the present time. Sir John Jellicoe knows, but he won't tell."

Though at one time during his ser-

vices he thought he would be attached to the Esquimalt station this is the first time Rear-Admiral Story has been here. He had a good word to say to the Times for the Naval Volunteer movement, which he heartily endorses. Rear-Admiral Story retired two years ago from active service and has been living at Guelph, Ontario, since that time. He was actively identified with the service from 1871 until his retirement. At the commencement of the war he offered his services to the Admiralty.

Born in Bingfield, County Cavan, Ireland, Rear-Admiral Story went as a midshipman with the Perak expedition in the Malay peninsula. He was in Egypt in 1882 and at Suakin two years later. While holding the rank of commander he was with the H. M. S. Hearty in special fishery service, and as captain he was aboard H. M. S. Narcissus, H. M. S. Grafton, H. M. S. Cumberland, H. M. S. Canopus and H. M. S. London. It was while commanding H. M. S. Cumberland that he was made an officer of the Legion of Honor by the French president. He also holds the Spanish Naval Order of Merit, bestowed on him by the King of Spain.

Rear-Admiral Story went down to the dockyard this morning as preliminary to taking over his duties. He had several interviews with the staff officers.

A lawyer for a railway company once had to defend his employers from a charge of negligence in the case of a farmer whose produce-cart was demolished at a level crossing, not without bodily injury to the farmer himself, who was driving. The accident happened at night, and the principal witness was an old railway servant who was on guard armed with a lantern to signal the approach of trains. "Now, witness," said the lawyer, "did you swing your lantern when you saw the cart coming?" "Yes, sir; and I swung the lantern right across the road," replied the old man. On the strength of this testimony the lawyer won his case. He took occasion to thank the witness. "Much obliged to you," replied that worthy. "I'm glad I helped you, but I was afraid the other lawyer would ask me if that lantern was lit."

"My husband is missing!" declared the stern-faced woman, marching into the police station. "Indeed?" "Yes, indeed. He's been missing since yesterday. Don't stand staring—make a note of it. Since yesterday I say?" "I'm sorry ma'am." "When I want your sympathy I'll ask for it. Till then be good enough to keep your mouth shut. Now, where is my husband?" "How should I know?" "You ought to know! What are you paid for? Where is he? Have you no clues?" "Well, ma'am, I have—" "Have you any clues—yes or no, quickly?" "Yes, ma'am, I think I have one." "Out with it! What is it? Come, don't keep me waiting!" "Well ma'am, I think—I think I know why our husband left home!"

Had No Power Over the Limbs

Locomotor Ataxia, Heart Trouble and Nervous Spells Yielded to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

It would be easy to tell you how Dr. Chase's Nerve Food cures locomotor ataxia and derangements of heart and nerves, but it may be more satisfactory to you to read this letter.

Mrs. Thos. Allan, R.F.D., 3 Sombra, Ont., writes: "Five years ago I suffered a complete breakdown, and frequently had palpitation of the heart. Since that illness I have had dizzy spells, had no power over my limbs (Locomotor ataxia), and could not walk straight. At night I would have severe nervous spells, with heart palpitation, and would shake as though I had the ague. I felt improvement after using the first box of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and after continuing the treatment can now walk, eat and sleep well, have no nervous spells and do not require heart medicine. I have told several of my neighbors of the splendid results obtained from the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50¢ a box, 6 for \$2.50, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

What Germany Must Pay

By Sir H. Johnston, in London Chronicle

While these lines are being written the tide of German success may be turning . . . turning . . . to a national and dynastic disaster unparalleled in modern history, but deserved, self-inflicted, if any people's ruin was, by the spirit and the methods adopted by a nation's chosen rulers and favored instructors.

Germany has fought western Europe by foul means as well as fair; by floating, drifting mines that for the most part damage neutrals or non-combatants; by printed and whispered lies sedulously circulated among the distant, the impressionable, and the easily gullible; by blackmail ("Either you stump up millions of pounds or I efface for ever the historical beauty and interest of your land"); by terror and a Satanic appeal to human pity—the terror caused by Red Indian atrocities, Turkish massacres of non-combatants, and the shameful trading on pity by using reverend and aged men, women priests, and children as body-shields; by dressing in the uniform of the foe; by posing as Red Cross officers; by hoisting the white flag to lure honest soldiers into the death-zone.

While no British, French, Russian, Belgian, Serbian, Montenegrin, Indian, Japanese or North African soldier will wish to vie with Prussian, Mecklenburg, Silesian, Saxon, or Hanoverian in the abominable side of war; while German architecture, German museums, pictures, churches, and other national achievements in art and science are safe from the invading armies of the allies (save for the unavoidable accidents of warfare); while it is virtually certain that no German maid or matron will be outraged, no German priest or chemist shot or hacked to death, no German child bayoneted, it is still necessary that nothing recorded of German wickedness should be forgotten, should remain unpaid for when the day of reckoning arrives.

Monetary Tributes.

Even the loss to the world of the outer and inner beauty of Paris, the cutting down of those trees which cannot be replaced in your or my lifetime—middle-aged or aged reader!—the far worse destruction of forest loveliness which these human beasts are carrying out round Brussels shall be avenged, shall be imperfectly atoned for; not by robbing Germany of her beauty—none of that—but by money fines that shall reduce Germany for many years to a wholesome and penitential impotence. Just as the Rothschilds in Buckinghamshire, by spending thousands of pounds imparting to their estates the sylvan loveliness of neighboring Hertfordshire, in that they conveyed thither elms of 50 years in growth and planted them to suit the scenic effect; so the groves and parks of Paris and of Brus-

concealed funds must become national property.

The Ruin of Austria.

Once Germany is purged of Prussia, once the Hohenzollerns are exiled on modest annuities, once she is made a really democratic empire or republic, she will soon recover from her woes—as soon, perhaps, as France did after 1871. But it will be long before the treatment of Belgium is forgiven and forgotten, and Germany is admitted to diplomatic relations and equal brotherhood by the states she has wantonly injured. Austria can point to her as the ruin of the Austrian empire; and perhaps the only reparation she can make in that direction after the death of the Emperor Francis Joseph is the incorporation of all German-speaking Austria into a fully enfranchised German realm.

But in the Day of Reckoning our justice must not end there. Whether Turkey strikes or not at the allies, she has already injured them in devious ways. No longer—the German pron and aid removed—must the autonomy and preservation of Armenia be delayed. Russia must have the fullest satisfaction and security she cares to demand, that the Bosphorus and Hellespont shall be no more a padlock on her trade and enterprise and on the world's need for Russian grain and Russian oil. The least the Western world can do for her in return for saving Western civilization and restoring Poland to nationhood is to provide her with that free access to the Mediterranean which is necessary to her development. Belgium must have territorial enlargement in several directions. France a Rhine frontier, the international character of the Baltic sea must be secured for all its littoral nationalities.

And last, but not least in the Day of Reckoning Britain must see, shall see, that the press can make her (for politicians' memories are notoriously unretentive), that her soldiers and sailors (of the rank and file and not only the officers) are amply rewarded for the efforts they have made and will have made to secure for the British Empire a satisfactory and lasting peace. They must be handsomely paid for their time of war service and be provided afterwards with lucrative careers. We must and shall treat them as the United States treated us, as it was, in this land which then let its soldiers die in the workhouse) treated the veterans and the widows and offspring of the fighters who re-established the Union of the North American republic.

On board the troopship *Deseado*, en route to — all men were advised to be vacated (says a correspondent of the Manchester Guardian). Three or four days after, when the arms were taken well, the following conversation was heard between two privates of different battalions of the same regiment: "Bill, I see that's gotten four marks on thy arm and I've nobbut three." "Ay, she knows, I belong to the 4th battalion, and we're all gettin four marks on us arms." "I'll tell you what it is, Bill; it's a dashed good go we don't belong to the 10th battalion!"

SWIMMER AS ACTRESS

Annette Kellermann Shows Herself in New Roles in Movie Drama; Large Crowds Attended Royal Victoria.

A crowded house at the Royal Victoria last night watched with breathless interest the unfolding of the charming fairy story which the Universal Moving Picture company has designed as the vehicle for the talent of Annette Kellerman.

To those who expected to see the famous Australian swimmer merely as a skillful exponent of the nataatorial art, there was a surprise in store, for the graceful Annette adds to her performances in the water a finished piece of acting and some clever danc-

ing. She is a shell, the touch of which transforms her immortality to mortality, in which guise she goes through many adventures, some pleasant and some not. But it all comes right in the end, and she marries the king of the little country into which as a mortal she is thrown.

There are several very fine scenes in the photodrama, notably in which Annette performs fancy diving from a high cliff, and the great fight on the edge of the precipice with the man who has been hired to murder her. The acting throughout is of the highest order, and the interest of the story and the charm of the principal figure hold the audience spellbound until the end.

The visiting lady had kept her hostess at the open door fully half-an-hour saying good-bye. Finally an irate masculine voice indoors called out, "Say, Marla, if you're going, go; if you're staying, stay; but for Heaven's sake, don't ooze out!"—Harper's Magazine.

Please Do Not Forget Us

Our New Piano Store

716 YATES STREET

We are proud of our new location, as well as our magnificent line of Choice Standard Pianos.

Chickering & Sons,
Broadwood & Sons,
New Scale Williams,
Haines Bros.,
Gerhard and Other Makes

Why our prices are so much lower? Our expenses are low.

Buying for three large stores means many pianos, and as any businessman will understand, this also means LOWER PRICES from manufacturers.

Montelius Piano House, Ltd.

Great Wreck Sale



BUILDING, CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS

Smash! Crash! Bang!

This mighty bargain crash takes place with an avalanche of wonderful bargains that will linger long in the pleasant memories of all participating. \$1.00 will buy \$2.00, \$3.00, \$4.00 and even \$5.00 worth of merchandise. Over \$50,000 worth of merchandise, mostly for men, to be disposed of in the large building at corner Yates and Government streets, which is being temporarily leased, to close out this mammoth stock. Come, get your share. Let nothing keep you away.

Thousands of Suits, Overcoats, Raincoats to be Sacrificed. Come.

MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S FINE SUITS, DAMAGED.
Suits that sold up to \$15.00. Wreck Price \$1.95
Hundreds of Men's High Class Suits and Overcoats, worth up to \$20.00. Wreck Price \$5.95 to \$8.95
Men's Finest Dress Suits, for Sunday wear, made of fine Tweeds, Worsted, Cheviots and Serges; by the World's Best Manufacturers. Suits that sell to \$30.00. Wreck Price \$9.85
Odd Vests, damaged, worth to \$1.50. Wreck Price 15¢
Men's Suits, made to sell retail at \$25.00; big assortment, all colors, some slightly soiled. All thrown out at the ridiculously low price of \$7.89
Ask to See this Lot.

MEN'S PANTS, SOME DAMAGED

That sold to \$3.00; suitable for work. Wreck Price 49¢
\$3.00 and \$3.50 Corduroy Pants \$1.29

ODD COATS

From high class Suits that sold to \$35.00. Pick 'em out. Wreck Price is 95¢

MEN'S FINEST DRESS PANTS

That sell from \$4.00 to \$6.00, guaranteed perfect. Wreck Price \$1.98

Gloves worth to 50c. Wreck Price .....	.9c
15c and 25c Shop Caps. Wreck Price .....	.5c
\$7.50 Trunks, slightly damaged. Wreck Price	\$2.89
\$3.00 and \$3.50 Suit Cases	\$1.29
\$1.00 and \$1.50 Flannel Work Shirts .....	.49c
5c to 15c Handkerchiefs. Wreck Price .....	.1c

The Railway Co. Stands Part of the Loss

FINE TIES

All styles, worth to 50c. Now .....	.5¢
Children's Knee Pants, worth to 50c. Wreck Price .....	.19¢
Children's Suits, worth to \$5.00. Wreck Price	\$1.85
Children's Suits, worth to \$3.00. Wreck Price .....	.95¢
\$3.00 Sweater Coats. Wreck Price .....	.89¢
50c and 75c Underwear. Wreck Price .....	.19¢
Men's and Boys' Caps, all colors and styles, worth to 50c. Wreck Price .....	.9¢
\$1.00 and \$1.50 Watches for .....	.49¢
\$3.50 and \$5.00 Clocks for	\$1.48
\$1.00 Alarm Clocks. Wreck Price .....	.29¢

MEN'S FINEST HATS

Worth to \$4.00, including Stetson make. Wreck Price .....	.98¢
Christy Stiff Hats, worth from \$3.00 to \$5.00. Wreck Price .....	.29¢

MEN'S HATS

Soft or Stiff, suitable for work; worth \$2.00. Wreck Sale Price .....	.69¢
Boys' Hats, worth to \$1.50. Wreck Price .....	.29¢
Men's Fine Dress Shirts, including Flannel Shirts, worth to \$2.50. Wreck Price .....	.79¢

COME TO THE ONE BIG SALE. IT'S THE GREATEST PRICE SMASHING EVENT ON RECORD

GREAT WRECK SALE

RAILWAY SALVAGE BROKERS, Occupying Large Double Store CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS.

Look For the Big Signs With the Name "Railway Salvage Brokers" Over the Door

It Matters Not

What the weather conditions or the distance may be COME! It will pay you to attend this monster sale which will be the first and greatest sale of its kind ever held in Western Canada. A mere comparison with regular prices would be ridiculous. This is a bargain event without a parallel or hope of repetition. Come reap the benefit.

THE GOD OF BLOOD AND IRON

By A.G.G., in London Daily News

I had never thought that a time would come when I should look on the soldier's uniform with envy and when my one grievance against the year of my birth would be that it forbade me to join the throng outside the recruiting office. But, then, I never thought that this fair earth would become a hell, that a time would come when to awake in the golden light of September mornings would be to awake to a sense of universal desolation and death that darkens the sun and makes the peaceful routine of other days seem almost unbearable. The sunshine that floods the quiet English countryside as the quiet sounds of rifle shots as the escaping civilians were picked off.

"They began upon the houses from which the shots were supposed to have been fired. These houses were soon splitting with fire and shooting up great flames. Here and there the fire soon spread along the whole street. The women and children were herded together and set aside. We heard the loud sounds of rifle shots as the German troops were every moment falling into the roads; shooting was still going on. The dead and dying, burnt and burning, lay on all sides. Over some the Germans had placed sacks. I saw about half a dozen women and children. In one street I saw two little children walking hand in hand over the bodies of the dead. I have no words to describe these things."

No, there are no words for these things. They strike deeper than death, deeper even than tears—strike to that ultimate indignation that has no relief except the relief of action. If the Kaiser and his army should come to disaster, and have to flee, beaten, through the land they have ravaged, they will pay a dreadful reckoning.

The Horrors and Their Meaning. Do not let us exaggerate. Do not let us suppose that war can ever be free from horrors. It was not so even in the most civilized, the most generous, the most noble war that was ever waged—the civil war in the United States. It is not likely to be so in the war which the Russians are waging in East Prussia. The methods of the Cossacks have made their name a terror in Germany, and it is one of the incredible phases of the Kaiser's lapse into barbarism that he should deliberately have invited the Russians to avenge the Belgians on his own people.

No, war is always by its nature horrible, but there is something in the story of Belgium that gives it a character of its own. It is something that we must probe if we would understand all that is meant by this war and all that is at stake in it. The Kaiser has taken Attila and his Huns as a model. But these horrors are not the work of real Hunns. Attila did not talk of culture or call himself "the Scourge of

God." He was a rapacious barbarian and did not affect to be anything else. But Belgium has been desolated in cold blood, on calculated principles, by a nation of philosophers and intellectuals. It has been butchered and outraged not from lust or revenge or even cruelty. It has been butchered on a nicely considered theory and according to the doctrines of a stern faith.

Spiritual Conflict.

And it is that faith with which we are concerned. For behind all the apparent and even real motives of the war—dynastic, commercial, racial, and so on—there is a profoundly spiritual motive. It is a conflict, not so much of nations as of ideals, not of kings but of religions. It will decide whether our civilization is to rest on a material foundation or a moral foundation, whether it is to be governed by the calculations of the head or the intuitions of the soul whether it is to be in its essence spiritual or a mechanical force.

In claiming that in this conflict of ideals it is we who have our faces turned towards the light, it is not suggested that we are free from the idolatry of force. The astonishing triumph of the mind over matter in the last two decades has left its mark deep on this country. The loosening of the foundations of faith has been accompanied, perhaps hastened, by a material mastery of the forces of nature that was undreamed of a generation ago. We have learned to sail the sky and to send engines of death through the depths of the sea; we have chained the lightnings and made the pulses of the air the invisible messengers of our will; we have invented guns that carry death for twenty miles and explosives more terrible than any thunderbolt. All this growth of material power has been unchecked by an equivalent growth of moral power or social conscience, and the result is a certain tyrannous exploitation of self based largely on the possession of material power. The Prussian spirit is not confined to Prussia. It is everywhere. That, and not the German people, is the ultimate enemy. The road-hog, who uses that hideous, bullying horn that sounds like a brutal curse on everything that impedes his path, is the symbol of the Prussian spirit in our midst.

The English Method.

But we have not made brute force a national idol, sustained by a philosophy and worshipped as a new religion. We may still broadly claim that wherever we have gone we have carried the spirit of freedom and the authority of the moral law. We tried the mailed fist once across the Atlantic and lost the United States and we have never tried it again. The Liberal faith saved Canada 70 years ago and it has saved the British Empire throughout. That is why Australia and Canada are sending their legions to us in our need—not grudgingly or of necessity, but cheerful givers. "The father has sent his son to

me: I'll send my son to him." That is why even Mr. Tilak, the leader of the extremists in India who has spent years in prison for his political propaganda, is at this moment opposing all internal dissension in India. If we want an authentic expression of the English spirit we have it in that memorable concession of self-government to South Africa which was so fiercely opposed by our own Prussians under Lord Milner. Does anyone doubt the wisdom of that measure today? Contrast that episode with the story of Alsace and the incident of Zabern and we shall have some understanding of what is at stake.

The Idol.

Now the case is otherwise with Germany. In saying this do not let us forget to be just. After all, we are what our circumstances make us.

Time and the ocean and some guiding star

In high cabal have made us what we are.

We had the good fortune to inherit an island, with the inviolate seas for a defence and the free ocean as a pathway to all the world. Liberalism had a chance on such a soil. The Germans had the bad fortune to be cast in the midst of Europe, with Slays to the east and Latins to the south and west. They lived with fear and survived by fighting.

And the weapon that had given them freedom became the idol of their worship. They fell, in a national sense, under the spell of a monster who has made all their wonderful geniuses and their fine character subservient to his will. The doctrine of force by which they had "hacked their way through" became their gospel. Prussia imposed it on the rest of Germany. Teitsch, the prophet of the cult, preached it as ruthlessly against the inferior German states before the federation as afterwards he preached it against other powers. He ceased to be a means of defence and became the expression of the national spirit. Nietzsche, with his "slave morality" and his hideous exaltation of the superrman and the "master morality" of brute force, gave the sanction of genius to the new religion and Bernhardi has stated the doctrine of purification by war and the righteousness of unprovoked wars with the cold abstraction of a college don.

Feared and Force.

The German people accepted the gospel as a necessity of their existence. They are of our own stock and in our land would have developed on our lines. But their position has placed them under the heel of militarism and at the mercy of the despotism that they hate but have been unable to destroy. The sense of enveloping danger, above all the sense of the vastness of the shadow of Russia have made them prisoners of the system that is the creation of the Prussian aristocracy and the cold-blooded philosophers of might.

Perhaps they might have broken the enchantment if they had not been surrounded by fear. There is a striking passage in the White book that shows that in those thrilling days that preceded the war Sir Edward Grey felt that fear was not baseless—the passage in which he undertook, if peace was preserved, to work for an arrangement which would secure Germany against any menace of hostile action by Russia, France, or ourselves. It is worth thinking about that passage and the light it throws on the past. I mention this because much that I am writing here may seem like a recantation. It is not. The war came out of the spirit of fear as well as the doctrine of force.

Blood and Iron.

But it is with the latter that we now have to deal. It perverted all the energies of Germany to one terrible purpose—the purpose of making itself terrible in war. Its civil liberties were crushed under the heel of an insolent caste. Its astonishing genius for organization became the instrument for military efficiency, and Bismarck's schemes of state socialism were all governed by the twin purpose of making the people subservient at home and feared abroad. Even the nationalization of the railways, admirable though its results have been, was designed not as a measure of military necessity. Every ingenuity of the science of destruction has been developed with absorbing energy and no consideration of pity or humanity has been allowed to interfere with the decrees of the god of blood and iron.

He grinds the small nations he has undertaken to protect under his iron heel and tanks of a sacred treaty as "a scrap of paper." He strews the seas with his engines of death regardless of what disaster they may bring to the innocent. He flings his bombs from the sky upon the sleeping city, scornful of women and children. He burns towns and villages and slaughters the old and the weak, not in anger or in lust, but according to an iron rule. He is merciless even with his own. He flings them in close formation on certain death. They must hack their way through or die.

The rule of might may triumph for a season, but the rule of right must win in the end, for there can be no end without its victory. And in destroying the idol we shall not only liberate Germany from its evil genius, but we shall drive out that genius from other lands where the example of Prussia has given it root. Humanity is going to pay a great price, but it will not pay it in vain. The price is its blood, but the reward is its liberty and a larger and nobler life.

That is why I find myself watching the soldier in his uniform with envy. The rule of right may triumph for a season, but the rule of right must win in the end, for there can be no end without its victory. And in destroying the idol we shall not only liberate Germany from its evil genius, but we shall drive out that genius from other lands where the example of Prussia has given it root. Humanity is going to pay a great price, but it will not pay it in vain. The price is its blood, but the reward is its liberty and a larger and nobler life.

Enthusiast (explaining the situation). "Let this 'ere meat-axe be the Russians a-comin' on the east; the carvin'-knife's the Frenchies along 'ere; our boys is the mustard-pot; and 'ere's the Germans—this 'ere plate o' tripe." "Punch."

VICTORIA'S GREATEST AND BOLDEST SLAUGHTER

The great Wreck Sale opens Wednesday at 10 a.m., and will be continued for thirty days only. The bargains and values at this great Sale will be simply staggering. It's a slaughter without a parallel. A Sale that will blaze a trail through the tangled meshes of competition, making a new page in the history of rapid merchandising. It behoves everyone economically inclined for 100 miles around to get here. It's throwing away money not to attend.

Men's Fine Raincoats, worth to \$10.00. Wreck Price	\$2.95
Umbrellas, worth to \$12.50. Wreck Price .....	.29¢
Slacker Coats, worth to \$3.50, slightly damaged. Wreck Sale Price	69¢
Overalls, worth \$1.00, soiled, now .....	.33¢

SENSATIONAL SHOE BARGAINS

Men's Work and Dress Shoes, worth \$3.00, now .....	.98¢
Ladies' Shoes, worth to \$5.00, now .....	.98¢
All Styles and Leathers of the newest shapes in Shoes, worth to \$7.00. Wreck Price	\$2.98

LINEN AND RUBBER COLLARS

Worth 15c to 25c. Wreck Price2¢
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GROCERIES</h

For Freedom, Justice and Civilization
This is the cause for which your fellow citizens are fighting. Help them by your subscription to the Victoria Patriotic Aid Fund

HOUSES FOR RENT

120 Pleasant Ave., Oak Bay, 1 room, per month	\$25.00
165 Pembroke St., 3 rooms, per month	\$30.00
Armenia Rd., off Douglas St., 7 rooms, per month	\$30.00
Oakland Rd., near Central Ave., 5 rooms, per month	\$25.00
Springfield Ave., 6 rooms, per month	\$25.00
Pisgah St., 4 rooms, per month	\$25.00
Courtney St., 2 houses, each per month	\$15.00
John St., 4 rooms, per month	\$20.00
Catherine St., 6 rooms, per month	\$20.00
Rutin St., 5 rooms, per month	\$20.00
Diamond St., 8 rooms, furnished	\$20.00
Hambone piano, furnace, garage, fireplaces, per month	\$20.00

Stores and Offices for Rent
Corner store, Government and Broughton Sts., Hamble Block, Central location
Furnace, etc., Block
Corner Fort and Wharf Sts., offices on ground floor, one office and rear basement.

Swinton & Musgrave
Winch Building, 600 Fort St.

L. U. CONYERS & CO.

650 View Street

FOR RENT

Douglas Street, cottage, 5 rooms, modern \$20.00

Hampshire Road, house, 6 rooms, furnace \$20.00

John Street, cottage, 5 rooms \$18.00

Bee Street, house, 7 rooms, all modern. Rent \$20.00

Broughton St., house, 5 rooms \$20.00

Stanley Avenue, cottage, 5 rooms, modern \$20.00

Bushby Street, house, 7 rooms, new. Rent \$30.00

Mariott St., cottage, 5 rooms, \$14.00

Princess Ave., cottage, 4 rooms \$12.00

SUBSCRIBE TO THE VICTORIA PATRIOTIC FUND

BAIRD & M'KEON
1210 Douglas Street

5 Acres near Goldstream, 130 full bearing apple trees, cottage, barn, chicken houses and runs, stock of poultry, with incubators and brooders included. Esquimalt water pipe is laid through property. Price, on terms is \$5,000.00

1/4 Acres near University School, all in bearing orchard; 4-roomed cottage. Price \$4,000.00

HOUSES TO RENT

Acton St., 7 rooms, new \$25.00

King's Road, 6 rooms \$20.00

Bushby St., 7 rooms, new \$35.00

Burke Drive, 7 rooms, furnished. Rent \$10.00

B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED

822 Government St. Phone 125

Representatives of the PHOENIX FIRE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., of London, England, for the south end of Vancouver Island.

ACREAGE

2 1/2 Acres, with modern 8-room dwelling, on Wilkinson Cross Road. Rent, per month \$15.00

HOUSES FOR RENT

Five-Room Cottage at 577 Bay street, Per month \$12.00

Six-Room Cottage at 1628 Amphion street. Per month \$16.00

Three-Room Cottage at 2348 Shetbourne street. Per month \$12.00

9-Room House at 910 Pandora, close to Quadra. Per month \$35.00

10 Rooms and Two Lots at 1272 Fisgard street. Per month \$25.00

Eight-roomed Modern Dwelling with barn and outhouses on Rowland avenue, off Carey road. Per month \$12.00

5-room Cottage, corner Ridge and Centre road. Per month \$12.00

1312 Gladstone Ave., modern dwelling, per month \$18.00

1058 Yates St., eight-room house, per month \$20.00

Suite of 4 rooms, Menzies Apartments, corner Menzies and Niagara. Per month \$20.00

6-room House on Government St., near Parliament buildings. Per month at \$20.00

6-room House, corner of Oswego and Coburg, James Bay. Per month at \$20.00

6-Room Cottage at 1709 Fernwood Rd. Per month \$15.00

729 Courtney St., 8-room House. Per month \$25.00

FARM FOR RENT

140 Acres being the south portion of Samuel Island, between Mayne and Saturna Islands; 40 acres clear; two good houses; large barn and out-houses; good water; 50 good fruit trees. Rent, per month \$25.00

FURNISHED HOUSE

60 Howe Street, Fairview district, eight-room modern dwelling. Per month \$30.00

SUBSCRIPTION TO

VICTORIA PATRIOTIC A'D FUND

Along the Waterfront

Shipping News from Day to Day

SANTA CATALINA IS SWEPT BY BIG FIRE

LAST OF MAPLE LEAF VESSELS VIA STRAIT

PRINCESS IRENE IS LAUNCHED ON CLYDE

Grace Liner's Machinery Has Been Ruined; Ship Beached on Columbia

Buena Ventura Heard Two Ships Communicating by Wireless; Going South

Sister Ship to Margaret Sent Down Ways To-day; Mrs. Heritage Sponsor

Fire that cost one life, ruined the vessel's machinery and forced the officers and crew to abandon her after running her ashore, broke out Sunday afternoon in the Grace Liner Santa Catalina in the Columbia river and was not extinguished until yesterday. Part of the vessel's 2,000-ton cargo escaped serious damage, according to advice received from Portland.

A fireman named Johnson died in the flames. He was trapped in the fire-room.

The vessel was en route from New York to Portland, to discharge shipments for that port before continuing her voyage to Puget Sound. The conflagration was preceded by an explosion below decks, the detonation of which was plainly heard in towns ten miles from the scene. It occurred at 4:30 o'clock when the Santa Catalina was thirty miles below Portland.

Flames immediately shot up from below and swept over the decks. The fire gained headway so rapidly that Capt. J. F. Ross, the master, saw that it was out of the question to try to bring it under control, and he headed the steamship. The river steamboat Eureka, which was nearby, hurried to the rescue and took off those aboard, including Captain Rose's wife and baby. A few moments later the flames had enveloped the decks.

New Steamship.

Efforts to subdue the flames proved unavailing until late yesterday morning when they were finally extinguished. An examination showed that the fire had ruined the steamship's machinery and indicated that part of the cargo had escaped damage.

The Santa Catalina is a new steel steamship, having been launched last year, and with the other vessels of Grace & Company's Atlantic & Pacific Steamship company, is operated in the New York and Seattle route via the Panama canal. She is a sister ship of the Santa Cecilia and the Santa Clara.

She was due in Seattle next Friday to discharge her New York freight and load heavy shipments of salmon and lumber for the return voyage to the North Atlantic.

The vessel has four cargo holds and advisedly indicate that most of the cargo in two of the holds had not been damaged either by fire or water.

TO COMPLAIN ABOUT SEIZURE OF TANKER

SEVENTY-FOUR VESSELS CHANGE TO U. S. FLAG

Washington, Oct. 20.—Seventy-four foreign-built vessels with an aggregate of 266,373 gross tons have sought protection of the Stars and Stripes by taking American registry since the European war began, according to an official statement issued to-day by the department of commerce. Great Britain has been the heaviest loser, as sixty-two of the vessels previously sailed under the British flag. Seven German and five Belgian vessels complete the list.

Forty-nine of the vessels are freighters and twenty are passenger ships. The remaining five are not designated. Eleven vessels secured provisional registry through American consuls.

USE JAPANESE SHIPS TO RESUME BUSINESS

C. P. R. Reported to Be Char-

tering Three Liners for

Trans-Pacific Run

There is a persistent report current along the waterfront to the effect that the C. P. R. intends to charter three of the newest steamships launched from Japanese shipyards in order to resume its service between Pacific coast ports and the Orient. The names of the ship to be used are not mentioned, but it is understood that they are owned by either the Nippon Yusen Kaisha or Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Since the commandering of the C. P. R.'s entire trans-Pacific fleet by the British admiralty the company has not been able to make a bid for the Oriental business and consequently the transcontinental railway is losing about 5,000 or 6,000 tons of cargo a month. Through the withdrawal of the Empress of Russia, Empress of Asia, Empress of Japan and Monteagle, the earnings of the railway have fallen off considerably. The three new boats will maintain a monthly service, it is reported.

Awa Maru Sailing.

This afternoon at 5:30 o'clock the Nippon Yusen Kaisha liner Yokohama Maru, Capt. Komatsubara, is leaving Victoria for the Far-East, laden to her capacity with passengers and general cargo. Among the passengers are several Japanese sight-seers parties. About 100 Orientals are embarking on the vessel here.

The Awa Maru, of the same fleet, is arriving from the Far East on Thurs-

day morning.

If one advances confidently in the direction of his dreams and endeavors to live the life which he has imagined, he will meet with a success unexpected in common hours.—Thorac.

Awaiting Particulars.

Washington, Oct. 20.—President Wilson had not been officially informed yesterday of the seizure of the American tank steamer Brindilla, seized by the British auxiliary cruiser Caronia, and brought here yesterday, could not be learned yesterday. It is supposed that the Brindilla, formerly the German steamer Washington, was suspected of having contraband aboard.

The Brindilla remained anchored in the harbor yesterday. The military guard placed on the steamer on Sunday remained aboard, and so far as is known none of the Brindilla's crew has yet been allowed ashore. The matter of the Brindilla's seizure and detention is in the hands of the prize court officials, and the naval officers at Halifax have now practically nothing to do with the ship.

To Consult Washington.

New York, Oct. 20.—David L. Warren, manager of the foreign department of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, said yesterday that he was awaiting authorization from the board of directors before taking up at Washington the matter of the seizure of the Brindilla. He thought a complaint would be made.

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SPORTING NEWS

PLAYERS HAVE NO SHOW TO DRAW

PAY FOR FULL NORTHWESTERN SEASON

Secretary Farrell Sanctioned
Move; Marty O'Toole Signs
With Pittsburgh

According to Owner Joshua Kingham, there is absolutely no chance of the Northwestern League players getting their extra two weeks' pay upon their appeal to the National Commission. It is rumored that Charlie Swain, the Seattle outfielder, who went east for the World's Series, took the matter up with President Dave Fultz, of the Players' Fraternity, but the latter body will be helpless as it was Secretary Farrell, of the National Commission, who sanctioned the cutting of the Northwestern League schedule by two weeks. The players are not free agents, either, as some think, as the league simply sliced its schedule and did not disband as in the case of the Union association and Tri-State league.

San Francisco, Oct. 20.—Branded as a trust and alleged to be operating in violation of the Sherman law, the Pacific Coast Baseball Association was announced yesterday to have submitted to a rigid investigation next week by U. S. District Attorney Preston. Two other so-called trusts will be investigated, one handling manufactured articles of various kinds and the other the wine trust.

BAYLEY EAGER TO RE-ENTER THE RING

Local Lightweight Secures
Bouts in 'Frisco; Boxers Flee
From Australia

His efforts to secure a return bout with champion Johnny O'Leary being fruitless, Joe Bayley, the clever local lightweight, leaves this week-end for San Francisco in search of big game. Joe has received a wire from Jimmy Coffroth, offering him a bout in the elimination tourney now on in 'Frisco, with either Joe Azevedo, Red Watson, Young Taylor, Eddie Moy or Fighting Dick Hyland. Joe readily accepted. He has been hunting in the mountains of the Cowichan district for some weeks, and claims to be in perfect condition. His hands are also in shape.

Coffroth plans a busy season for the boxers in 'Frisco. Since the war outbreak boxers are fleeing from Australia and England to the States, and are eager for bouts. Three American boxers arrived on Friday last from Australia. They are Eddie McGoorty, the Oshkosh middleweight, and two New York lightweights, Young Joe Shugrue and Bobby Moore. McGoorty had a very successful season in the Antipodes, winning seven out of eight battles and losing his eighth bout on a foul to Jimmy Clabby. He is anxious to meet the winner of the Clabby-Chip fight, while Shugrue and Moore are eager to compete in Coffroth's elimination tourney.

The stellar contest now on the California fight programme is the bout on November 9 between Jimmy Clabby and George Chip, a 20-round affair, being advertised as the world's middleweight championship. Another classy card on the programme is the four-round clash between Johnny Dundee, of New York, and Willie Ritchie, former lightweight titleholder, to take place in 'Frisco the night of October 23. This is Ritchie's first battle since the departure of his lightweight crown to Freddie Welsh.

The Sailor Petrosky-Billy Murray battle, a contest between two boxers striving to return to the limelight, should provide interest. These two huskies mix at 'Frisco on Thanksgiving Day.

News arrives from the east that Knockout Brown is out with a challenge to America's premier lightweight aspirants. Knockout was a likely aspirant for the lightweight crown two years ago, and will attempt to fight his way back into the limelight.

Boxing in New York city is not pro-

Portland still leads in team hitting, with a mark of .256, with Los Angeles nine points behind. San Francisco, although it is in second place, is the weakest hitting club in the organization, with a record of .225.

Venice leads in team fielding with an average of .963. The Seals are one point behind in this department and Portland is fifth, with .959.

Averages figured on games up to

Tuesday, October 13, are as follows:

Individual Batting Records.

Player Club G. A. B. R. H. S. P. Pet.

Dillon, L. A. 2 2 0 1 0 .560

Fisher, P. 130 468 60 148 11 .563

Howard, S. F. 84 227 23 89 6 .552

Eastley, P. 11 12 4 4 1 .533

Martin, O. 1 3 0 1 0 .333

Wolter, L. A. 18 746 113 248 10 .532

Smith, V. 33 125 25 8 8 .522

Ryan, L. A. 44 110 17 35 2 .318

Elliott, V. 143 433 41 133 5 .307

Fitzgerald, S. F. 161 565 95 173 38 .306

Hogan, V. 18 36 5 11 0 .306

Kores, P. 178 645 92 197 13 .305

Gardner, O. 137 463 45 141 16 .305

Meek, L. A. 80 154 9 47 1 .305

Pittsburgh, Oct. 20.—Pitcher Marty O'Toole signed a 190 contract with the Pittsburgh Pirates. The New York Nationals purchased O'Toole from Pittsburgh in August, but returned him at the close of the season. It is announced that New York declined to pay the balance of the purchase price.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—A team representing Cleveland, O., won the national amateur championship of baseball here, defeating the Chicago club 3 to 2, and gaining possession for one year of the \$1,000 challenge cup.

gressing so rapidly as on the coast, owing to the fact that the boxers' demands for ten-round bouts are too high. Leach Cross and Charlie White have the nerve to demand \$4,000 for a ten-round bout with Kid Lewis, of England.

The opening of Coffroth's elimination tourney last Friday night thoroughly eliminated the Veteran Dick Hyland, who after taking a sever laceration was dropped for the fatal count in the sixteenth at the hands of Red Watson. The result of the Milburn-Saylor-Eddie Moy bout was a draw. Saylor landed the heavier blows, but Moy landed more often.

Al Palmer denies the report that he has been matched to fight Tom Cowler in Vancouver, nor has Billy Wright signed to box before the new Vancouver club. Joe Bonds, of Tacoma, will be Cowler's opponent at Vancouver in the coming tourney.

NICKALLS RETURNS TO YALE OARSMEN

Guy Nickalls, the noted English rowing coach, is back at New Haven to begin the autumn coaching of the Yale crew. Nickalls will have a number of new men and several veterans under his eye.

Nickalls' fall season at New Haven will last six weeks, after which he will return to England, not to come back until late in February.

No definite plans have been formulated as yet, but from what Mr. Nickalls says it looks as though there would be no races with any outsiders this autumn. Also it seems most probable that Moy will adhere to the American swivel oar locks, and will stick to the level slides, not using the incline. The slides, however, will almost undoubtedly be placed directly over the keel—not on alternate sides of the boat.

That Yale could easily have won the Henley regatta, which was captured by the Harvard second crew, is the opinion of Nickalls.

"I have no doubt," he said, "that the Yale crew could have won the race at Henley this year."

VICTORIA CRICKET CLUB'S NEW OFFICERS

Members of the Victoria Cricket Club adopted the reports of the secretary and treasurer at the adjourned annual meeting yesterday, the officers being elected as follows:

President, Mr. Justice Irving; vice-president, B. H. T. Drake; secretary, A. Booth; treasurer, M. Cane; captain, H. A. Goward; vice-captain, W. York; committee, Messrs. Mitchell, Hayward, Lethaby and A. Martin.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. qts.

REMARKED ON THE SIDE

Seattle Very Much in Limelight.

With Leslie Mann coming through with the hit that won the second game of the world's series for the Braves and Bill James holding the Athletics to a pair of hits, one of them an infiel'd tap, Seattle is more than tickled with the showing of its former stars. Whaling did not show, but with Gowdy hitting the ball like he did, Stallings did not have to change his backstop. The Braves traveled at the same cyclonic speed that marked their final rush through the National league. They have a great bunch of fighters and Stallings is stamped the greatest leader of all time. As pinch hitters, the Braves have shown themselves to be in a class that only champions reach.

Inman Charges That Table Was Doctored.

In the first series of billiard matches for the world's cue title a serious charge has been made by the British champion. After the first night's play he discovered that the Iowes would not travel at their accustomed speed and upon investigation it was found that the cloth was not as fast as that which the regulations call for. Manager Benjamin, who is handling Inman, immediately took the matter up with the manufacturers of the table, with the result that they promised to supply new cloth for the balance of the matches. Inman is far from being disgruntled because of his two defeats at the hands of the American champion, but says that with further practice at the American style of play he will be able to overcome Hoppe's advantage at this style of play.

Called Quitting Over Here.

The heart of the Kaiser's third son became so agitated during the heat of battle, he collapsed altogether. This is a common occurrence on the football field, but goes by another name.

IRVINE SAYS HE WILL NOT TURN PRO.

Toronto Sign Up Holmes and
Wilson for N. H. A. Season;
Lindsay Heard From

SHOOT FOR TROPHY

Fiftieth Highlanders Complete First
Stage of Competition for Cup Pre-
sented to Encourage Riflemen.

Yesterday afternoon teams representing the various companies of the 50th Regiment, Gordon Highlanders, shot the first stage of a very interesting competition for a cup presented by Ben Taylor, who is endeavoring to give a stimulus to rifle shooting.

There was very keen competition,

which resulted in the staff taking the leading position, with F and A companies close behind. The next stage will consist of rapid-fire shooting at a disappearing target. Following were the scores yester-

day:

Staff. 200 500
Yds. Yds. Tl.

Lieut. R. T. Townsend	33	32	65
Pipe-Major Coutts	30	33	63
Lieut. Taylor	30	29	59
Actg. Surgeon Stewart	31	32	63
S-Sergeant Wood	30	30	60
Corp. Sims	29	29	58
Corp. Polard	29	29	58
Staff-Sergeant Stanford	28	28	57
Capt. Aaser	28	28	57
Pte. Pemberton	27	27	55

Grand total 600

F Company. 200 500
Yds. Yds. Tl.

Corp. O'Neill	30	35	65
Pte. Evans	28	31	62
Actg. Col-Sergt. Otter	29	29	59
Pte. Cole	29	29	59
Capt. Gillespie	29	29	59
Corp. Ashby	28	30	58
L-Corp. Elder	25	32	57
Lieut. Thomas	29	28	57
Pte. Watson	29	30	59
Pte. McLeod	28	28	58
Pte. Morrison	29	24	52
Pte. Dickinson	27	27	54
Lieut. Turnbull	27	24	51

Grand total 584

A Company. 200 500
Yds. Yds. Tl.

Corp. Hughes	34	32	65
Corp. Stevens	32	30	61
Corp. Shepherd	32	30	61
L-Corp. Thiburon	30	30	60
Lieut. Westmoreland	28	31	59
Pte. Watson	29	30	59
Pte. McLeod	28	28	58
Pte. Morrison	29	24	52
Pte. Dickinson	27	27	54
Lieut. Turnbull	27	24	51

Grand total 584

G Company. 200 500
Yds. Yds. Tl.

Col-Sergeant Watson	32	35	65
Lieut. Holland	32	32	61
Lieut. Wise	33	27	60
Pte. McDonald	31	27	58
Sgt. Dingle	28	29	57
Pte. Noakes	29	28	57
Corp. George McDonald	29	25	54
Lieut. Metcalfe	27	21	48
Lieut. Worthington	27	21	48
Lieut. Smith	23	10	33

Grand total 544

E Company. 200 500
Yds. Yds. Tl.

Pte. Howlett	27	31	58

<tbl_r cells

MRS. LYON'S ACHES AND PAINS

Have All Gone Since Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Terre Hill, Pa.—"Kindly permit me to give you my testimonial in favor of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. When I first began taking it I was suffering from female troubles for some time and had almost all kinds of aches—pains in lower part of back and in sides, and pressing down palms. I could not sleep and had no appetite. Since I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound the aches and pains are all gone and I feel like a new woman. I cannot praise your medicine too highly."—Mrs. AUGUSTUS LYON, Terre Hill, Pa.

It is true that nature and a woman's work has produced the grandest remedy for woman's ills that the world has ever known. From the roots and herbs of the field, Lydia E. Pinkham, forty years ago, gave to woman kind a remedy for their peculiar ills which has proved more efficacious than any other combination of drugs ever compounded, and today Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is recognized from coast to coast as the standard remedy for woman's ills.

In the Pinkham Laboratory at Lynn, Mass., are files containing hundreds of thousands of letters from women seeking health—many of them openly state over their own signatures that they have regained their health by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; and in some cases that it has saved them from surgical operations.

SHELL THROUGH TROUSERS,

"We were in action on Friday morning off Heligoland. I had a piece of shell as big as the palm of my hand go through my trousers and as my trouser legs were blowing in the breeze I think I was very lucky."—Tom Thoms, writing to his mother at Crawley, Sussex.

The natural flights of the human mind are not from pleasure, but from hope—Dr. Johnson.

Russia's Campaign--Cossacks in Galicia



COSSACKS PASSING THROUGH A GALICIAN VILLAGE—NATIONAL SCHOOL IN BACKGROUND

The Cossack is altogether unique; his ways are his own, and his confidence is his officer and himself is perfect; his passionate love of horses makes his work a pleasure. As an all-round fighter he is probably what the Kaiser would wish his Uhlans to be, excepting that the Cossack makes war on enemies only. The Cossack seat is a high pad-saddle with the knee almost vertical and the heel drawn well back. Spurs are not worn. Another very remarkable thing is that he has absolutely no guard to his sword. The Russian soldier scorns buttons; they, he says, "are a nuisance, they have to be cleaned, they wear away the cloth, they are heavy, and they attract the attention of the enemy." The Cossack pony is a quaint little beast to look at, but the finest living animal for his work, and very remarkable for his wonderful powers of endurance. The Cossack and his mount have been likened to a clever nurse and a spoilt child—each understands and loves the other, but neither is completely under control. The Cossack does not want his horse to be a slave, and he recognizes perfectly that horses, like children, have their whims and humors, and must be coaxed and reasoned with, but rarely punished. The famous knot (whip) is carried at the end of a strap across the left shoulder. The appearance of these men is quite different from the clean-shaven regular infantryman of the Russian army.

EXHIBITION WILL START ON THURSDAY

Mrs. Croft Will Open Made-in-Victoria Event; Many Displays Will Be Seen



At the meeting of the Industrial committee of the Victoria and Island Development association, held yesterday afternoon to receive reports from the sub-committees, further details in connection with the Made-in-Victoria exhibition were arranged. Mrs. Henry Croft will open the exhibition at 3 o'clock on Thursday afternoon.

The following firms will make displays:

Ablon Stove Works, Ltd.

British America Paint Co., Ltd.

B. C. Auto Top & Slip Cover Co.

B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd.

Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd., cereals.

British Columbia Electric Railway Co., Ltd., lighting.

Brown Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

W. K. Houston & Co., colonist printing & publishing Co., Ltd.

Canada Mosaic Tile Co., Ltd.

Crystal Spring Water Supply.

Covent Garden Co.

D. Dutot.

Dickson & Howes.

Dutton & Evans, designers, brass sign works.

Esquimalt Brewing Co.

W. A. Jameson Coffee Co.

F. Jeune & Bro., Ltd.

Mount Royal Milling & Manufacturing Co.

Matthews Manufacturing Co.

Newton & Greer Co., Ltd.

Popham Brothers, Ltd.

Pioneer Coffee & Spice Co., Ltd.

Sweeney & McConnell, Ltd.

Sweeney Cooperage Co., Ltd.

Standalon Company, Ltd.

San Juan Mining & Manufacturing Co.

Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.

Sidney Brick & Tile Co., Ltd.

Sidney Rubber Roofing Co.

Thorpe & Co., Ltd.

Turner, Beeton & Co., Ltd.

Victoria Hair & Mattress Works.

Victoria Broom Works.

B. Wilson Co., Ltd.

Wiper & Co.

Taking up the question of an admission fee the committee decided to charge ten cents at the evening session, the fair remaining open till 10:30 each

evening. The sum raised will be devoted to the patriotic fund. In the afternoon there will be no charge, the fair opening at 2. The Florence Nightingale chapter of the I. O. D. E. will serve tea each afternoon in the drill hall.

In addition to vocal selections, the following instrumental music has been arranged by permission of the officers commanding: On Thursday and Saturday afternoons the pipe band of the Highlanders will play; on the Thursday and Saturday evenings the band of the Fifth Regiment, and on Friday afternoon and evening the band of the 88th Foot.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Oct. 20—5 a.m.—The barometer remains comparatively low over this province and showers have been general throughout the Pacific slope. The winds on the coast are now moderate to fresh. Rainy and mild weather continues in the prairie provinces.

Forecasts.

For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Wednesday: Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate winds, partly cloudy and mild, with showers.

Lake Mainland—Light to moderate winds, mostly cloudy and mild, with occasional rains.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 29.72; temperature, maximum yesterday, 52; minimum, 48; wind, 4 miles E.; rain, .16; weather, cloudy.

Kamloops—Barometer, 29.74; temperature, maximum yesterday, 50; minimum, 48; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, clear.

Barkerville—Barometer, 29.64; temperature, maximum yesterday, 44; minimum, 28; wind, calm; rain, .04; weather, clear.

Tatooish—Barometer, 29.68; temperature, maximum yesterday, 54; minimum, 48; wind, 20 miles S.; rain, .14; weather, cloudy.

Prince Rupert—Barometer, 29.32; temperature, maximum yesterday, 48; minimum, 42; wind, calm; rain, .40; weather, rain.

Temperature.

Penticton Max. Min.

Nelson 62

Calgary 60 32

Edmonton 62 26

Prince Albert 54 38

Winnipeg 50 45

Toronto 50

Ottawa 54

Montreal 50

St. John 48

Halifax 48

Victoria Daily Weather.

Observations taken 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m., Monday:

Temperature.

Highest 54

Average 45

Rain, 32 inch.

Bright sunshine, 3 hours 18 minutes.

General state of weather, cloudy.

CREDITORS CLEARING SALE

734 Yates St.

OF THE
S. SHELTON'S

Dry Goods and Ready-to-Wear Stocks

"HOT SHOTS FOR TO-MORROW'S SELLING"

The credit men have sharpened their swords for decisive battles with the People's Coin the Roars of the Sale of the Shelton's Stock—"at a rate on the dollar"—hits the people's ears. When you've spent your last dollar here, figure up all you've saved, then you will be satisfied that we are selling goods cheap. Every dollar's worth of goods must be sold, hence the MAMMOTH REDUCTIONS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

READY-TO-WEAR FACTS

Children's Coats, worth \$2.50.
Now 75¢
Children's Coats, worth \$3.75.
Now \$1.50
Children's Coats, worth \$4.50.
Now \$2.25
Children's Bearskin Coats, colored, worth \$4. Now \$2.50
Children's Waterproof Capes, special at \$1.50
Women's Suits to clear at, per suit \$8.50
Women's Suits to clear at, per suit \$4.75
Women's Fall Coats to clear at, each, up from \$2.75

Millinery

Women's Felt Shapes, all colors, each 35¢
Women's Fall Trimmed Hats, all styles. Special prices, \$2.25 to \$5.00
Children's Fall Felt Hats, all colors. Special price, each, 15¢ to 25¢
Infants' Headwear at Next to Nothing Price

Women's Hosiery Underwear, Etc.

EXTRAORDINARY SNAPS

Women's Cotton Hosiery, sale at 2 pairs for **25¢**

Women's Heavy Fall Weight Combination Suits, pure white, all sizes, at, per suit **70¢**

Women's Night-Gowns, pink and white flannelette. Special at, each **95¢**

Women's Heavy Heatherbloom Quality Underskirts, each **70¢**

Penman's Underwear, combination Suits. Price, per suit, only **\$2.35**

Children's Underwear Garments All Reduced to Clear Quickly.

Women's Under Vests, natural color; good weight. Each **50¢**

Women's Corsets, all at Clearing Prices. Special Values.

Women's Pure Wool White Combinations, with short sleeves. Per suit **\$1.50**

Small Prices Prevail Throughout the Entire Store

Men's and Boys' Wear at Almost Your Own Prices

Men's Pure Wool Underwear, shirts and drawers, the Ellis brand; none better, at, per garment **95¢**

Men's Working Shirts, and lots to select from. Priced at, each, only **95¢**

Men's Ties. Big assortment at, each **25¢**

Men's Overalls, striped, with bib. Special, per pair, **\$1.10**

Men's Cotton Hose, 2 pairs **25¢**

Come in, men. We have some good snaps for you not mentioned in this list.

Blankets and Comforters

Wool Blankets, up from **\$3.00**

Flannelette Blankets, large size. Each **\$1.75**

Flannelette Blankets, English quality, at, each **\$1.35**

Bed Comforters, chintz covered, large size. Each **\$1.95**

Wednesday Morning Specials at 9 Sharp

Embroidery and Insertions.

Per yard **5c**

Curtain Scrims, with border. Per yard **15c**

Children's Cotton Dresses at HALF PRICE—For one hour only. All sizes to select from.

Predicts Holland's Entry Into War in Three Weeks

"We Can Protect Our Country But Not Our Colonies," Dutchman Tells Clyde B. Furst, When Asked on Which Side Nation Will Fight.

Holland in the war within four weeks. That was the prediction made to Clyde B. Furst, secretary of the Carnegie Foundation, of New York, by a representative Hollander when Mr. Furst was leaving Rotterdam less than three weeks ago.

When Mr. Furst's Dutch acquaintance made that prediction the natural question, "On which side?" brought the answer:

"I cannot tell you that, but you can imagine it by my saying that we can protect our country, but we cannot protect our colonies."

Holland's colonies with their 38,000,000 people, as contrasted with the 6,000,000 Hollanders, are her very life blood, and most of those to whom the Hollander's cryptic remark was repeated read "on the side of the allies" as the answer to the riddle.

"Another man," said Mr. Furst, "drew for me lines on the map to show how the Hollanders are prepared to encircle their cities with bands of water a half mile wide as a means of defence, before resorting to the flooding of half the country, which they can do at need."

After being in Germany and Switzerland and again in Germany during the greater part of the first month of the war Mr. Furst spent ten days in Rotterdam.

Feeling in Holland Mixed.

"Feeling in Holland is much mixed," he said. "To illustrate, one day two friends of mine had a quarrel because one was pro-German and the other pro-British. Naturally there are all sorts of rumors current. Dr. Van Dyke, the American minister, told me that more had been told in ten days since the war started than in ten years before."

An example of the stories which, whether true or not, had the popular belief there was one, Mr. Furst said, that the Prince Consort had slipped over into Belgium to a place occupied by the Germans to visit his old regiment, which was on the fighting line. The imperial council, so the story ran, had sent the Prince Consort a message, which read:

"Come back at once, or not at all."

It was the evident desire of most Hollanders to maintain neutrality. Mr. Furst said, the only differences among those among whom he talked being on which side the country should declare itself if forced into the conflict. He witnessed the opening of the Dutch parliament, the procession which preceded it, and heard the speech of the queen. The procession lost some of its usual brilliancy because of the mobilization of the Dutch army, but it was an interesting event for all that.

The enthusiastic crowds seemed strictly neutral. The queen's speech, in which she said "The neutrality of Holland has been and will be maintained," aroused great enthusiasm among the people at large. The motto of Holland is "Neutrality will be maintained," and the queen's subjects were much pleased with her clever use of the phrase.

Exchange of Amenities.

Concerning the division of popular sentiment Mr. Furst was unwilling to draw general conclusions, but narrated other instances. He was with a Dutch friend when they met an English doctor who greeted the Hollander with: "Isn't it awful what the Germans are doing in Belgium?"

"Yes, replied the Hollander, "almost as bad as what you English did to the Boers in South Africa."

"On the other hand," said Mr. Furst, "there is Prof. Roulin, librarian at the Peace Palace and formerly professor of international law at Ghent. He has five sons in the French and Belgian armies, and one or perhaps more of them have been killed. You can know what his attitude must be."

Mr. Furst said that many terrible

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CHAS. A. AND ESTELLA M. KELLEY, chiropractor and optometrist, rooms 209-12 Hibben-Bone Block, Phone 1187 for appointments. Hours 9.30 to 5.30.

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W. G. WINTERBURN, M.I.N.A., prepares candidates for examination for certificates, stationary and marine. Finch Block, 719 Yates St. Phone 1551.

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D. LEWIS HALL, Surgeon-Dentist, Jewel Block, 719 Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Telephones: Office, 557; Residence, 122.

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HALF-TONE AND LINE ENGRAVING—Commercial work a specialty. Designs for advertising and publishing stations. B. C. Engraving Co., Times Building. Orders received at Times Business Office.

LAND SURVEYORS

GREEN BROS., BURDEN & CO., civil engineers, Division and B. C. land surveyors, 114 Peninsular Block, Branch offices in Nelson, Fort George and Hazelton.

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LANDSCAPE GARDENERS AND DESIGNERS—Groups of any size laid out. State of skilled gardeners. Estimates from the Lansdowne Floral Co., Jas. Manton, Niagara 159 Hillside Ave., Victoria, B. C. Phone 2233.

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SPIRELLA CORSETS—Comfort, wear straight lines, guaranteed unbreakable and unbreakable—one year.

Professional corsettes will visit residence by appointment. Mrs. Godson, Principal Scientific School of Corsetry, 106 Campbell Block, Phone 465, 429R.

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ALFRED M. HOWELL, customs broker, forwarding and commission agent, real estate. Promis Block, 1906 Government, Telephone 1501; Res. R1671.

DANCING

BOYD'S DANCING CLASS—Every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, at Progressive Hall, 12th and Broad Street. This season will teach the following dances: One Step (fast), Side Step (fast), Lancers (Canadian), Side Step (slow), Two Step (fast), Foxtrot (fast), Waltz, Boston Castle, and numerous new and popular dances, including the Pivot, Three Step and Pivot Shottische taught in proper form. Private lessons arranged for. Boyd's 145 Hamley street.

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DRESSMAKING

EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER, by the day. Miss Bulley, 711 Bay St. 023.

DRY CLEANING

HERMAN & STIMPING—French dry cleaning. Laundry, the garment cleaning, alterations, on laundry and general cleaning, our specialty. We call and deliver. 848 Yates street. Phone 1585. Open evenings.

DYEING AND CLEANING

THE "MODERN"—Cleaning, dyeing, pressing, repairing. Ladies' fine garments, sheets, 121 Government St. Phone 1585. Open evenings.

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FRESH, SMOKED AND SHELL FISH—roasted daily. W. J. Wriggsworth, 1421 Broad street. Phone 661.

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JEPPSON'S TRANSFER—We have up-to-date padded vans for furniture and piano moving; also express and trucks. Phone 1982. 709 Fort. Stable phone 2935L.

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SEWER PIPE, field tile, ground fire clay, flower pots, etc. B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd., corner Broad and Pandora streets, Victoria, B. C.

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ROCK BLASTING—J. Paul, 1904 Quadra street.

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING

M. STERN will pay cash for slightly worn ladies' and gents' clothing, shoes and hats; also all kinds of carpenter tools, shotguns and rifles, and all kinds of musical instruments. Phone 4810. 1409 Store street, Branch, 609 Yates.

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TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS—Wanted, 6 roomed bungalow built in exchange for clear title lot in high part of Fairfield. Box 636, Times office.

FOR SALE—POULTRY

FOR SALE—Brown Leghorn pullets and Toulouse geese. J. West, Hautain street, right off Richmond.

CHICKENS, DUCKS, PIGEONS, ETC.

CHICKENS, ducks, pigeons, etc., at 2219 Douglas street. Phone 5149.

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FOR SALE—ARTICLES

G. FERRIS, General Dealer. I save you money on household furniture of all kinds. At present I have a special line of ranges and heaters, guaranteed and at rock bottom prices. I give top prices for good quality furniture, ranges, etc. Arrangements arranged. Phone 1279, 836 Yates street.

FOR SALE—Parlor heat: (Oak) House, also two wood heaters; sell cheap. 36 Simcoe street.

FOR SALE—Houseboat, on Belleville street. Apply 208 Quebec street. 020.

FOR SALE—Mailable and steel ranges, \$1 down, \$1 per week. 2001 Government street.

BOATS, CANOES, MOTOR LAUNCHES—All kinds, new and second-hand, bought and sold. Causeway Boathouse, below P. O. Tel. 3445.

FOR SALE—Black soil and manure. 1186.

FOR SALE—BUGGY, light, modern, rubber tires, price right; also "Cole" heater, No. 15, almost new. 156 Joseph street, Fairfield.

FOR SALE—Shotgun, 20-gauge, \$6; automatic rifle, .30 cal., \$20; shotgun, 12 gauge, \$12.50; shotgun, William Powell & Son, 12-gauge, hammerless, \$7.50. Eastman folding camera, \$8. Household cordone, \$12. Electric massage instrument, complete, \$15; violin and bow, \$7.50; hunting coats, \$1.75; steel tapes, 50 ft., \$1.75. Eight watches in 20-year pocket cases, \$15; jeweled pocket compasses, \$5.60. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 522 Johnson street, Victoria, B. C. Phone 1747.

FOR RENT—Houses (Unfurnished)

SIX-Room HOUSE, with bathroom, Victoria, West, \$10 monthly. Room 323 Yates street.

HOUSE TO RENT—A good, clean, comfortable house to rent, large garden, woodshed, chicken house, good well, pleasantly situated, 3 minutes from cars; rent \$10. Apply 633 Dunedin street.

LODGES

SONS OF ENGLAND B. S.—Alexandra Lodge, 116, meets first and third Wednesdays, Friends' Hall, Courtney St. D. Brown, 2516 Shearburn St., president; Rev. P. Temple, 1933 Burdett St., secretary.

LOYAL ORDER OF MOOSE, No. 738, meets at K. of P. Hall, North Park street, every Tuesday. Dictator, F. Bates, 1605 Woodland street. C. E. Copeland, secretary, 1330 Minto street; P. O. Box 1017.

LOYAL ORANGE ASSOCIATION—L. O. O. A. meets in Forester's Hall, Yates street, every Tuesday and fourth Wednesday. J. Scott, W. M., 942 Pandora St.; W. F. Warren, R. S., 39 Cambridge St.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 2, I.O.O.F., 102-104, 1st floor, in Old Fellow Hall, Douglas street. D. Dewar, A. G. H. Harding, K. R. & S. Promis Block, 1606 Government street.

COURT CARIBOO, No. 745, I.O.F., meets the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month in Princess Theatre. J. W. H. King, Reg. Sec.; E. P. Nathan, Fin. Sec.

VICTORIA, No. 17, K. of P. meets at K. of P. Hall, North Park street, every Thursday. E. C. Kaufman, K. of R. & S. Box 164.

A. 5 ROOMED COTTAGE to let, half block from Esquimalt car, rent reasonable. Apply J. W. Cherry, Lampson street, Esquimalt. Phone 2921L.

FOR RENT—\$15, 6 rooms, gas stove. 1014 Caledonia.

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Financial News**CONDITION OF LIST
CONTINUES SOFTENED**

Price Support Bore Only Transitory Aspect as for Some Sessions Past

It was a nominal market in Portland Canal shared to-day, with bid and offer prices quite apart. There was disinclination to trade either way in the stock. Glacier Creek acted similarly. Offers of Coronation were one cent cheaper. Speculative ability throughout the list appeared exhausted, and what support there was bore a transitory aspect as for some sessions past.

The sensitive condition of prices to outside influences is natural, and judging by the action of price since fresh news, particularly from the Portland Canal Tunnels could easily rebalance levels.

Oil fairly steady.

Bid Asked

B.C. Refining Co. 40.00

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C.N.P. Fisheries 2.00

Coronation Gold .50

Lucky Jim Zinc .05

McGillivray Coal .11

Nanaimo Gold .10

Portland Canal .02

Rambler Carbons .05

Red Chaff .10

Standard Lead 1.00

Snowstorm .22

Shoe Star .45

Stewart Land 7.50

Unlisted.

Glacier Creek .02 .05

Island Investment 25.00

Western Can. P. Mills 10.00

Portland Tunnels .20

North Shore .35

Calgary Oil Stocks.

Bid Asked

Alberta Asses. 2.00

Alberta Canadian .05

Alberta Petroleum .084

American Canadian .00

Athabasca .90

Calgary Petroleum 40.00

Dow's Oil .15

Monarch Oil .25

Prudential .75

Trenton .10

9% 9%

MAY MONTH LEADS IN DECLINE FOR WHEAT

Winnipeg, Oct. 20.—Wheat prices opened unchanged to 4c. higher, oats unchanged and flax unchanged to 4c. lower. Following the opening there was quite a drab look about the market, and the traditional trade of the earlier values was transacted in options. The decline to about noon was 4c. to 15c. May month leading cash demand continues good for all grades of wheat and offerings are fairly plentiful. On the other hand values considerably quantities of wheat are worked for export. Oats and barley were also in good demand. The easier prices were attributed to more favorable conditions in the Argentine and Australia and quieter demand at Liverpool and others. While 4c. closed 4c. to 2c. lower, cash 2c. lower, for contract grade. Inspections were 63 cts as against 1,412 last year, and in sight were 25c.

Wheat—Open. Close. Oct. 114. Nov. 114. Dec. 114. May 124. Oats—Oct. 124. Nov. 124. Dec. 124. Flax—Oct. 114. Nov. 114. Dec. 116. May 123. Cash prices: Wheat—1 No. 115; 2 No. 111; 3 No. 106; 4, 103; No. 5, 96; No. 6, 91; feed, 87. Oats—No. 3 C. W. 50; extra No. 1 feed, 48; barley No. 1 feed, 49; 2nd feed, 59; feed, 57; barley No. 1 N. W. C. 112; No. 2 C. W., 110.

COAL LANDS BILL HAS WILSON'S SIGNATURE

Washington, Oct. 20.—President Wilson signed to-day the Alaskan coal land leasing bill, opening the coal fields of Alaska. Because of restrictions put on the output of coal from Canada to Alaska since the European war began, the bill was hurried through congress at the request of Secretary Lane and several western senators.

PARKER AND HOOKER WIN PRIZE FOR BEST OPERA

Chicago, Oct. 20.—The \$10,000 prize offered by the national federation of musical clubs for the best grand opera written in English has been awarded to Professor Horatio Parker, of Yale, who composed the music, and Brain Hooker, of New York, who wrote the book. The opera's name is *Fairyland*.

NO GERMAN DENIALS OF ALLIES' PROGRESS

News of Conflict on River Vis-
tula Does Not Tell of Per-
manent Advantage

London, Oct. 20.—Nothing has been received up to the present from the German intelligence department to counteract the British expression conveyed in the news, both official and unofficial, published here that the tide of battle will be in the eastern and the western theatres not flowing in favor of Germany.

The Belgian minister at London has not received confirmation yet that the allies have reoccupied Ostend, but in any case the German hold on that seaport must be somewhat precarious if the allies still retain the positions assigned to them in the latest French official statement.

Should the allies push their wedge toward Roulers, where its point rested yesterday, Ostend would be in considerable danger of being cut off from the rest of the German army.

The Germans are making great efforts to break through their opponents' lines in the north of France, whereas General Joffre's statement points out, fighting has proceeded for ten days without respite.

News of the conflict of millions of men along the Vistula river in Russian Poland is mostly of a negative character. Each of the armies claims that its opponent is on the defensive and neither pretends to have secured anything like a permanent advantage.

The Austrians, for the moment, are claiming far more success against the Russians than are the Germans, but even admitting the correctness of their claims, their forces which are alleged to be driving Muscovites out of the Carpathian mountains still are at least seventy miles south of both Przemysl and Lemberg.

Farther to the southward the Servians are utilizing all their available strength in a general assault on Sarajevo. They especially are desirous of being in possession of the Bosnian capital before the court has given its decision in the trial of Gavrio Princip, whose assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand, the Austrian heir-apparent, was the direct excuse for the war of the nations.

That significance attaches to the announcement that Canada will keep sending batches of volunteer reinforcements, each numbering 10,000 men, so long as the war lasts, is fully appreciated in comments heard both in London and on the continent.

FOR PATRIOTIC FUND

Grand Military Tournament to Be Held at Willows Park on Saturday.

On Saturday afternoon at the Willows, there will be a grand military tournament in aid of the Victoria Patriotic Aid Fund. Entrance fee will be twenty-five cents, and grand stand seats will be twenty-five cents extra.

The event will be given under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and of all the naval and military officers in Victoria. An excellent programme, which will provide abundance of amusement for the visitor, will comprise many exciting features, relay races, tug-of-war, wrestling on horse-back, tent-pegs, tilting at the ring, sack races, blindfold drill, Victoria Cross races, Balaklava melées, field-gun practice, lemon-cutting, hurdle races, and a variety of other items, concluding with a grand display of all arms in a mimic engagement.

The proceeds will be devoted to the Patriotic Aid fund, and the event will provide Victorians with an opportunity to see, perhaps for the last time before the next contingent goes to the front, all the local troops.

Mrs. C. Sivertz to-day handed to the Victoria Patriotic Aid society the sum of \$1,000 which was collected from the Icelandic people of the city under the auspices of the Icelandic club. Most of the subscribers have already contributed through other sources, and have signified their intention of giving again later. The following were the contributors: Christian Sivertz, S. Myrdal, E. Brynjolfson, Mrs. Jonina Amundas & Oliver Johnson, T. K. Anderson, J. Tall, Miss L. Brandon, Olli Samundson, Jon Hrafadal, Johann Bredfjord, Skuli Johnson, Sigurdur P. Scheving, Bjorn Bergmann, P. Christiansen, Arngrimur Johnson, Mr. Sindur, Hermann and Raymond Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Griffiths, Mrs. S. G. Peden, Mrs. M. Gower, Mrs. C. B. George, Mrs. C. Sivertz.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 20.—The family of Venustiano Carranza, constitutionalist chief, reached the Mexican border to-day. It was announced that they would make their residence temporarily at Piedras Negras, opposite here, on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande. The move was reported to be for the safety of Carranza's family in case of developments unfavorable to him.

Piedras Negras was Carranza's provisional capital when the revolution was started. It is in the state of Coahuila, over which he was governor when he raised his revolt against Huerta.

It is said on good authority that he might have difficulty in getting his family out of the country but as for himself, with his family in safety, he could fight his way out.

SOLDIERS WELCOME PROSPECT OF MOVE

No Detailed Orders Expected for Some Days, but It is Understood 2,300 Men Will Go.

There is general rejoicing among the men in camp here at the news from Ottawa which seems to presage early action in the preparation of the second contingent from Victoria. It is expected that the greater number of those who have been under arms here since before the first contingent left will now get the opportunity they are anxious for of serving their country.

Every man who is in camp now has been passed as fit for active service and all have volunteered, so that there should be no delay in assembling the Victoria members of the force which is to go from this province. The men are as thoroughly drilled as any regulars and are probably better drilled now than any men in the line regiments are.

The 88th Fusiliers marched from the dock-yards yesterday to the Willows, where they are now in camp in the fair buildings, a welcome exchange for the tents in the weather that has been experienced for the past few days. The quarters for the men are in the new addition to the main buildings and their mess is in the building.

Following the parade the officers, non-commissioned officers and men were "at home" to their visitors at the headquarters, where the warm commendations expressed upon the field were repeated and emphasized.

Col. Currie's popularity here as an officer of militia has followed him to the Motherland. F. A. McKenzie, correspondent of the Vancouver Province in London, says:

"The Canadian Highlanders looked in the pink of condition on their church parade yesterday. Col. Currie is evidently a great favorite with all his men. They were never tired singing his praises and telling of his cheerfulness and common sense."

The Canadians have no kick concerning the treatment they received aboard ship. They ap-

pearedly enjoyed themselves immensely.

"They treated us all like millionaires," Col. Currie told me, and the men say the same."

There was a parade of the Victoria volunteer guard last evening, when almost every man turned out, and a couple of hours were spent in drill. The members of the guard have become very proficient in the movements of the drill, and are taking every opportunity of perfecting their marksmanship on the Clover Point range.

The business men's corps also had a parade last evening at the Willows, about 150 being in the ranks. The path of service was taken by the men who are attached to the Fifteenth Regiment, and will form a sort of reserve for it, from which men will be drawn when required to fill up vacancies in the regiment. While thus attached to the regiment, while thus attached to the regiment, the men are not under pay and all expenses connected with the body they are bearing themselves. All

are to wear a Glengarry cap as a distinguishing mark, and it is possible that they may adopt some further uniform later.

A meeting of the Campaigners' association is called for to-morrow evening in the Foresters' hall, Broad street, at which important business is to be brought before the veterans.

Houses For Rent

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SUBSCRIBE TO THE VICTORIA PATRIOTIC FUND

M. M. Edwards, of Seattle, is registered at the Dominion hotel, and will remain in town for a few days.

H. A. MacLean, K. C., left for Vernon

at about 150 being in the ranks. The path of service was taken by the men who are attached to the Fifteenth Regiment, and will form a sort of reserve for it, from which men will be drawn when required to fill up vacancies in the regiment. While thus attached to the regiment, the men are not under pay and all expenses connected with the body they are bearing themselves. All

are to wear a Glengarry cap as a distinguishing mark, and it is possible that they may adopt some further uniform later.

Hallowe'en Party.—Miss Kathleen

Roberts' private dancing club will hold a Hallowe'en fancy dress dance and ghost party on Saturday, October 31, in the Alexandra club ballroom. Invitations can be obtained from the members of the club only. A list of the chaperones will be announced later.

TEN DAY UPTURN IS RESISTED BY BEARS

Despite Strong English Cables Market in Wheat Went Off Two Cents

By F. W. Stevenson & Co.
Chicago, Oct. 20.—Prices, 114; December, 122; May, under late selling by tired holders in the local trade. These prices are practically 12 under close yesterday.

As the market has been advancing almost daily for the past ten days, with strong

upturn Saturday and Monday, the profit taking and reaction of to-day was to a great extent natural.

The English cables are making great efforts to break through their opponents' lines in the north of France, whereas General Joffre's statement

points out, fighting has proceeded for ten days without respite.

The Austrians, for the moment, are claiming far more success against the Russians than are the Germans, but even admitting the correctness of their claims, their forces which are alleged to be driving Muscovites out of the Carpathian mountains still are at least

seventy miles south of both Przemysl and Lemberg.

Further to the southward the Servians

are utilizing all their available

strength in a general assault on Sarajevo. They especially are desirous of being in possession of the Bosnian capital before the court has given its decision in the trial of Gavrio Princip, whose assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand, the Austrian heir-apparent, was the direct excuse for the war of the nations.

That significance attaches to the an-

nouncement that Canada will keep

sending batches of volunteer reinforce-

ments, each numbering 10,000 men, so

long as the war lasts, is fully appreci-

ated in comments heard both in Lon-

don and on the continent.

Business Is Good

And our supplies are arriving from Europe daily. Therefore, we promise you a finer selection of Bon Bons, and elaborate boxes of English Candies than we have ever exhibited before. We have been notified of our shipments of Malaga Table Raisins, Figs, Metz Fruits Crystalized and Glace, Nuts, Almonds, Dates, New Seeded Raisins, and Bleached Sultanas.

Dixi H. Ross & Company

INDEPENDENT GROCERS, 1317 GOVERNMENT STREET

Telephones 50, 51, 52.

Liquor Dept., Tel. 53.

PHONE 802L.

VICTORIA FEED CO.

Dealers in

Hay, Grain, Flour, Potatoes and Poultry Foods

Call, write or phone for prices.

THE EXCHANGE

118 FORT ST. PHONE 1737.

CALGARY OIL SHARES are good exchange FOR FULLY PAID LOTS at market prices.



Unclaimed Goods

The Sale of Unclaimed Goods will take place at the Examining Warehouse, corner of Broughton and Langley streets, at 10 a.m. Wednesday, October 21, 1914. Hardware, dry goods, electric fixtures, auto accessories, etc.

By order,
J. C. NEWBURY,
Collector of Customs.
STEWART WILLIAMS,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

The undersigned has received instruction by owner to sell by public auction at his residence, 1615 Fell St., Oak Bay

Thursday, Oct. 22

At 2 p.m.

The following well kept

FURNITURE, Etc.

consisting of 6-room home: Oak Side-board, Ex. Table, Oak Chairs, Linoleum, Rugs, Mats, Bobbin Table, Chairs, Writing Desk, Oak China Cabinet, Dinner Set, Iron Beds, Spring, Mattress, Dressers, Stands, Wardrobe, Cook Stove (Albion), Kitchen Utensils, Flat Top Desk, Filing Cases, Books, etc.; one Counter Arm Chair, Lady's Bicycle, Mahogany Chest of Drawers (every old piece of furniture), Garden Tools, Office Safe and other articles too numerous to mention.

FORD & GREENWOOD
Auctioneers.

716 Johnson Street. Telephone 4441



OAK BAY PATRIOTIC FUND

An Easy Way to Gain 10 to 30 lbs. of Solid, Healthy, Permanent Flesh.

Thin, nervous, unfeasted men and women everywhere are hard to say, "I don't understand why I do not get fat. I eat plenty of good, nourishing food." The reason is just this: You cannot get fat, no matter how much you eat, unless you digest it easily and assimilate the fat-making elements of your food instead of passing them out through the body as waste.

The Council of the Municipality of Oak Bay will act as a Committee for collection, with power to add to its number. All sums collected will be deposited in a Special Military Trust Account with the Merchants Bank of Canada, Oak Bay.

All citizens of Oak Bay are invited to contribute to the Fund according to their means, with the assurance that whatever they can afford to give will be applied to the above Patriotic purpose only and to no other.

For the Committee of Collection,

W. E. OLIVER,
Reeve of the Municipality of Oak Bay.



Boys' English Leather Boots

English Oak Tanned soles, good quality upper stock; solid counters. Extra wear in every pair. Prices, according to size and grade, from \$2.50

MUTRIE & SON

1209 Douglas St. Sayward Building. Phone 2504

SAMOLINE

This perfect metal polish is used in leading hotels, restaurants, office buildings, and hospitals. Sold in Victoria by

PETER MCQUADE & SON, LIMITED

SHIP CHANDLERS 1214 WHARF STREET

POTATOES POTATOES

For a good article at proper prices, ring 413. Per 100 lbs. \$1.25
Onions, 10 lbs. for 25c
Tel. 413. SYLVESTER FEED CO. 709 Yates St.

SPARK GUARDS

Sizes 24, 30, 36 and 42 ins., at \$1.50 to \$2.25
Sizes 25, 31, 37 and 43 ins., at \$2.25 to \$3.75

BLACK WITH BRASS TRIMMINGS

Drake Hardware Co., Ltd.

Phone 1645. 1418 Douglas Street

SATISFACTORY SITE FOR CEMETERY FOUND

Committee Recommends That Council Purchase Land Adjacent to Mount Douglas

One recommended immediate purchase of only the 42 acres. The land across the road was under lease, and if the council bought it as well the revenue from it would help to pay the interest on the bonds. The property should be fenced, the roads planned and some portion of the land should be put in order immediately for use. The prices now quoted were \$45,000 less than the figures which would be quoted next June.

Alderman McCandless seconded the adoption of the report. Alderman McNeil believed the land could be secured more cheaply by a cash payment than by the disposal of bonds.

At the request of the council Alderman Sargent withdrew the motion that the report be adopted, and it was decided that the aldermen should visit the sites before passing any resolution.

TENDERS FOR SEWERS

Esquimalt Council to Open These for Constance Cove Section Next Week;
Fire Stations in Operation

It did not require many minutes to transact the business before the municipal council of Esquimalt last evening, but steps were taken at it leading up to important developments in the town.

On Monday evening next the tenders which are being received for the construction of sewers in section "D", as set forth on the sewer plan of the town, are to be opened, and the council expects that the award of the contract will be made soon after that. The section which the tenders refer to is that along the shores of Constance Cove. When they are opened a report on them will be asked from the municipal engineer, and it is thought that this can be in by the Monday following.

Gratifying reports were made in regard to the protection of the town from fire, and the councilors expressed themselves as satisfied that as soon as the volunteer brigade is fully organized Esquimalt will have as complete protection as any place of its size in the country. There are two stations now equipped and in operation, one being at the municipal hall and the other at the corner of Craigflower road and Arcadia street. Councilor Mesher is in charge of the organization of the section of the brigade which will be connected with the central hall, and George Burns is the captain of the Craigflower road section of the brigade.

The laying of a plank sidewalk on the north side of Stanley street between Head and Rithet streets, was ordered.

Hairs Will Vanish After This Treatment

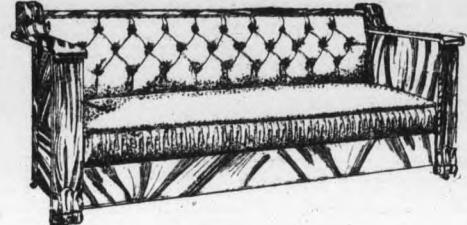
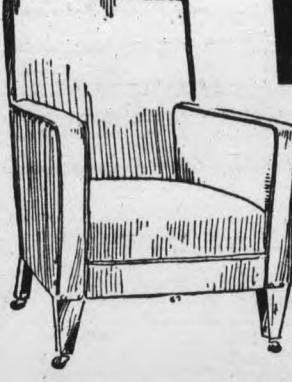
(Toilet Helps.)

You can keep your skin free from hair or fuzz by the occasional use of plain de-lonate and in using it you need have no fear of marring or injuring the skin. A thick paste is made by mixing some of the powdered de-lonate with water. Then spread on the hairs and after 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and all traces of hair have vanished. Be careful, however, to get real de-lonate.

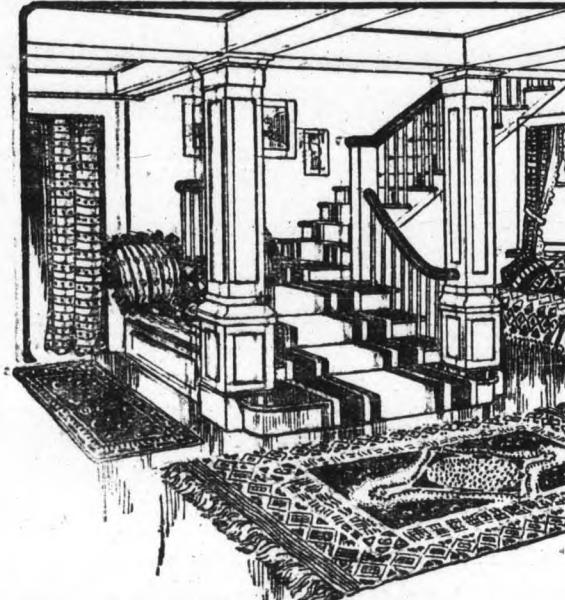
A Missouri farmer whose son was an applicant for a position under the government, but who had been repeatedly turned down, said: "Well, it's hard luck, but Joe has missed that civil service again. It looks like they just won't have him." "What was the trouble?" "Oh, he was short on spelling and geography, and missed a good deal in arithmetic." "What's he going to do about it?" "I dunno," said the farmer. "Times is mighty hard, an' I reckon he'll have to go back to teaching school for a livin'."

MADE IN VICTORIA

Our Government street windows show a very attractive display of "MADE-IN-VICTORIA" Furniture. We are very proud of our upholstered Furniture, which is built in our own workshop by expert workmen. All the materials used, springs, hair, stuffing, etc., are the best procurable. The Easy Chairs are built on English lines that speak of comfort in every curve.



Make Your Hall Bright and Cosy



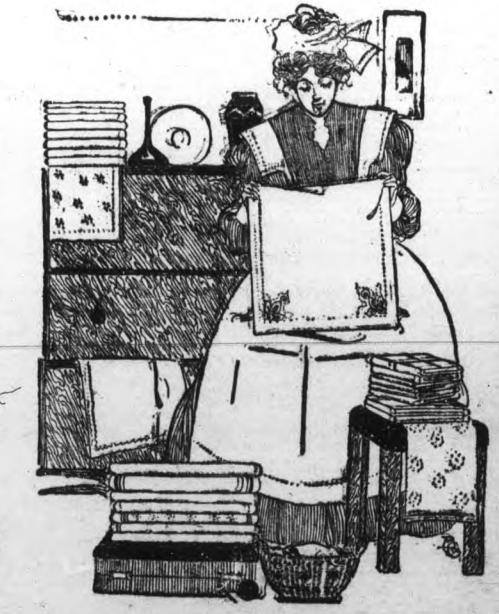
First impressions are lasting. The cosy, home-like appearance of your hall will make a favorable impression on your visitors. A Hall Chair or seat, and a Wilton Rug in the new designs and colors will give your hall the richness, cosiness and inviting aspect so much desired.

WILTON RUGS

3x6 ft. Cash price \$6.75
6 ft. 9 in. x 9 ft. Cash price \$24.75
9x9 ft. Cash price \$28.80

Contribute to the Patriotic Fund

Replenish Your Table Linen



The best dining table, the daintiest meal may be quite ruined by an unsightly table cloth. A table cloth of Irish linen, as a background will greatly enhance the beauty of your exquisite cut glass and silver. Our word is yours. We can keep your table covered with snowiest, daintiest Irish linen for a very small cash outlay.

Beautiful Double Damask, 72 inch, per yard \$1.13

Table Cloths, 2x2 yds., each, \$1.80
to \$9.00

Serviettes, all sizes, \$1.80
to \$12.60



You
Will do
Better
At Weiler's